INTRODUCTION

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NAME AND PLACE INDEX

SUBJECT INDEX
INTRODUCTION

Relations between the Federal Republic of Germany and the United States during the Cold War era have become one of the most heavily researched areas of contemporary history.¹ Until recently, however, civil-military relations in the towns and cities where U.S. troops were garrisoned have received little scholarly attention even though the American military presence is widely acknowledged to have had a significant impact on everyday life in the Federal Republic.²

The administrative, economic, social, and cultural weight of the American presence becomes evident simply by looking at the figures. Prior to the troop reduction in the early 1990s, the American military forces maintained about 900 bases and installations in Germany in some 370 cities and towns, and more than fifteen million American men, women, and children lived in Germany for a period of time in the five decades after the end of World War II. Most of the American forces were stationed in southern and south-western Germany, in the states of Bavaria, Baden-Württemberg, Hessen, and Rhineland-Palatinate. The northern cities of Berlin and Bremerhaven, however, and the town of Garlstedt north of Bremen had large American garrisons as well. Moreover, small installations, such as communications facilities, and detachments guarding nuclear weapons were dispersed throughout West Germany. Unquestionably this phenomenon deserves more scholarly attention.

The American Military Presence and Civil-Military Relations in Germany: A Guide to Sources in American and German Archives is intended to serve as an introductory guide and handbook for researchers in this field. It provides an overview of American and German archives and repositories holding pertinent records and other source material, as well as a bibliography on the American military presence in Germany since the end of World War II. This guide focuses on relations at the regional and local level rather than at the national and international level.

On the American side, documentation is to be found almost exclusively in central political and military archives in the United States. American military commands in Germany have history offices that hold large amounts of pertinent documentation, but these source materials are

¹ A comprehensive account of the results of the latest research in this field is provided in a recently published two volume handbook: Detlef Junker, ed., Die USA und Deutschland im Zeitalter des Kalten Krieges (München, 2001).
² For an overview of the available secondary literature, see the bibliography in this volume.
normally not accessible to researchers. Fortunately, the Commander-in-
Chief of the U.S. Army, Europe has agreed in principle to make historical
information and materials more widely available to the scholarly com-

munity.3

On the German side, central political and military archives are also the
main resources for researchers. Repositories at lower levels are, however,
often equally important. This holds especially true for archives respon-
sible for administrative districts in regions that had—and in some cases
still have—large numbers of U.S. forces. State archives (Staats- or Landes-
archive), for example, hold not only the records of the Regierungspräsi-
dien (primary district authorities of the states) but usually also those of
federal authorities located within the district as well. Depending on state
regulations, these archives often also maintain the records of administra-
tive bodies of the Landkreise (regional administrative districts). Most
local-level source material can be found in municipal archives. Relevant
material is held by a number of specialized archives (e.g. of ecclesiastical
bodies, research institutions, and political foundations), several of which
are described in this guide.

Although virtually all German regional and local document reposito-
ries hold material pertaining to the U.S. military presence, this guide lists
only archives with major holdings. Many local institutions and organi-
zations not listed here, such as trade associations and labor unions, main-
tain records of their relations with the U.S. military. So, too, do local
newspapers and German-American cultural institutions such as the Ger-
man-American Institutes.4 It would go beyond the scope of this guide to
list all repositories of this sort. Researchers with special interests shoul-
dask local archivists about these collections.

The information presented here is based primarily on questionnaires
sent to the archives in 2001. As the responses differed considerably in
detail and quality, the editor has also made use of published archival
guides and archive web sites as well as follow-up questionnaires. In some
cases—e.g. when no response to the questionnaire was received—archive
web sites were the only source of information for the entries in this guide.
The editor made every effort to avoid mistakes and omissions, but he is
aware that errors are inevitable. He welcomes corrections and sugges-
tions for revision, which can be e-mailed to the German Historical Insti-
tute (info@ghi-dc.org).

3 See the entry of the Military History Office of Headquarters U.S. Army, Europe and
Seventh Army, Heidelberg, Germany.
4 For a link-listing of the Amerika-Häuser and German-American Institutes in Germany see
web page: http://www.us-botschaft.de/policy/relations.htm
The entries in the guide are not intended to provide comprehensive overviews of the holdings of the archives listed. They are intentionally brief and are meant to serve as a starting point for research. Readers should note that pertinent source material is frequently interfiled with other records or filed under seemingly unrelated subject headings such as youth welfare or social security. In addition, relevant material is also to be found in collections not mentioned here. Local registry offices, for example, have materials detailing marriages, adoptions, and illegitimate births involving Germans and U.S. military personnel.

These limitations notwithstanding, the archives and repositories listed in this guide offer an immense quantity of source material ranging from official documents to collections of newspaper clippings and private papers. These materials touch upon a broad spectrum of topics pertaining to civil-military relations from the immediate postwar years through the entire Cold War era.

German archival holdings document the period 1945–55 and the years immediately thereafter in particular depth. One reason is that many records from later years are subject to a 30-year rule and have not yet been released to the public or have not yet been turned over to archives. Researchers can overcome this obstacle in part by seeking access to records still retained by local authorities and by making use of the collections on contemporary history kept by many archives. As a general rule, though, civil-military relations figure less prominently in records from the mid-1950s on than in those from the earlier period. This is due to the fact that the occupation period was the formative phase in the American military presence in West Germany. During this phase, the political and legal foundations for the long-term stationing of U.S. troops in Germany were established, the necessary infrastructure was built, and much work in community relations was carried out. There was, accordingly, considerably more paperwork and correspondence produced in the decade after the war than the years that followed.

The American Military Presence and Civil-Military Relations in Germany is divided into two sections, one devoted to American archives and the other to German. In each section, archives are listed by the cities in which they are located. The individual entries provide contact information, a brief description of the archive or institution, and a summary of the archive’s holdings that pertain to civil-military relations. Only the more important archival guides and finding aids are listed. Readers should note that smaller archives usually maintain subject indices that are not necessarily mentioned here. Reflecting the language of the source materials, the entries in this guide usually give administrative, political, and geographical terms in German.
Along with the listing of archives, this guide provides a bibliography of selected primary and secondary literature. Its emphasis lies on articles and books dealing directly with community and social relations between German civilians and U.S. military personnel and their dependents. Literature on the German-American political relations at the governmental level has not been included. Researchers interested in German-American political relations—or economic, cultural, and social relations more broadly—are referred to the annotated bibliographies supplied in *Die USA und Deutschland im Zeitalter des Kalten Krieges 1945–1990*.5

The literature in the bibliography of secondary sources has been grouped under several headings. Works that address topics that fall under more than one heading have been listed under “General Works and Case Studies.” One additional remark is necessary: not all of the articles and books listed in the bibliographies meet the standards of academic scholarship. The editor decided to include them nonetheless because they offer helpful references to researchers.

The editor would like to thank the staff members of the various archives who took the time to respond to the questionnaire and his follow-up queries. He is also grateful to the individuals whose comments and support greatly improved this guide. Particular thanks goes to Philipp Gassert, who initiated the whole project and supported it in many ways; to Thomas W. Maulucci and Prof. Dewey E. Browder for their many helpful comments and contributions to the bibliography; to Prof. Detlef Junker, who generously provided the necessary office resources; to Christiane Rösch for rendering administrative assistance; and, last but not least to Janel B. Galvanek and David Lazar of the German Historical Institute for helping prepare the manuscript for publication.

The Editor

Theodor Scharnholz, Dr. phil. (Heidelberg, 2000) is a retired colonel of the German Air Force. He is currently conducting research on the history of the American military presence in Germany and civil-military relations as an independent historian, and he works in close contact with the Curt Engelhorn Chair for American History at the Historical Seminar of the Ruprecht-Karls-University Heidelberg.
PART 1

AMERICAN ARCHIVES

Carlisle, PA

1. U.S. Army Military History Institute (USAMHI)

22 Ashburn Drive
Carlisle, PA 17013-5008

Phone: See USAMHI Home Page
E-mail: See USAMHI Home Page
Business hours: 10:15 a.m.–4:15 p.m., Mon.–Fri.

USAMHI is an institute of the U.S. Army War College in Carlisle, PA, that preserves the Army’s history and ensures access to historical research materials. The office serves as the primary research facility for the historical study of the U.S. Army. It collects, organizes, preserves, and makes available source materials on American military history to the defense community, academic researchers, and the public.

USAMHI holds over nine million items that document the history of the U.S. Army and military history. Collections include: books, rare books, periodicals, photographs, manuscripts (diaries, letters, memoirs), military publications and manuals, maps, and oral histories. As a general rule, USAMHI does not hold official record files of Army units or commands. Those materials are typically transferred to the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) at College Park, MD (see separate entry). For the topic under discussion the following holdings seem of prime importance:

- Manuscript materials, e.g. personal, unofficial papers of individuals who served in or worked closely with the U.S. Army. Several hundred general officers, 1940 to the present, have donated their papers to USAMHI. Among them are many who served in Germany.
- Oral history interviews, with senior officers, primarily three and four star generals, describing their military careers. Many of them served in Germany.
• Historical journals, professional military (including foreign) periodicals and journals, camp and unit magazines and newspapers, and veterans’ association newsletters. USAMHI has a nearly complete publication run of “The Stars and Stripes.”
• Reference bibliographies on U.S. Army unit histories and installations.
• Digital library, including a prototype on-line collection of historical documents.
• A variety of finding aids is available on-line.
College Park, MD

2. National Archives at College Park

8601 Adelphi Road
College Park, MD 20740-6001

Phone: 301-713-6800
Fax: 301-713-6905 (Fax on demand)
E-Mail: inquire@nara.gov
Website: http://www.nara.gov/nara/welcome.html
Business hours: 8:45 a.m.–5:00 p.m., Mon. and Wed.; 8:45 a.m.–9:00 p.m., Tues., Thurs. and Fri.; 8:45 a.m.–4:45 p.m., Sat.

The National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) is an independent federal agency that preserves the records of the executive, legislative, and judicial branches of the Federal Government. Archival records are housed in both the downtown Washington National Archives Building and Archives II at College Park, MD. The paper records at Archives II relate to foreign relations as well as to military matters dating from the start of World War II. Thus most of the records relevant to the U.S. military presence in Germany are available at Archives II.

For the topic under discussion the following record groups seem of particular interest:

- NARG 84 Records of the Foreign Service Posts of the Department of State: 84.2 Records of diplomatic posts, Germany, 1835–1957; 84.3 Records of consular posts, Germany, 1821–1955; 84.4 Records of diplomatic and/or consular posts, Germany, 1948–58.
- NARG 260 Records of U.S. Occupation Headquarters, World War II. Relevant subgroups are too numerous to be listed in this entry. For details see the web version of the Guide to Federal Records in the National Archives of the United States.
- NARG 331 Records of Allied Operational and Occupation Headquarters, World War II, 1907–66 (bulk 1942–54). This record group includes the OMGUS records. For details see NARA’s website.
• NARG 349 Records of Joint Commands, 1945–66: 349.6 Records of the European Command (EUCOM) and the U.S. European Command (USEUCOM), 1950–64; 349.6.3 Records of the Joint Construction Agency (JCA).
• NARG 407 Records of the Adjutant General’s Office, 1917 and following: 407.2.4 [. . .] station lists, and statistical tabulations, 1940–54; 407.3 Reports relating [. . .] to activities in occupied areas, 1941–54.

Note: Only textual records are listed. In addition, there are vast amounts of motion pictures, video recordings, and still pictures/photographs.

For general information and finding aids, see the Guide to Federal Records in the National Archives of the United States compiled by Robert B. Matchette et al. 1995. A web version of the guide is available online. It incorporates descriptive information about federal records acquired by the National Archives after the 1995 paper edition went to press, and it is regularly updated to reflect new acquisitions of federal records.

Griesheim, Germany

3. The Stars and Stripes, European Edition

64345 Griesheim

Postal address: Postfach 1330, D 64345 Griesheim
Phone: (06155) 601400
Fax: (06155) 601416
E-mail: letters@mail.estripes.osd.mil
Business hours: By appointment only.

“The Stars and Stripes” daily newspaper is the hometown newspaper for service members, government civilians and their families in Europe, the Middle East, Africa, and the Pacific. The newspaper offers the same type of national and international news, sports and opinion columns found in newspapers in the United States. The European and Pacific editions also strive to keep readers informed about issues in their host countries, local communities, and commands. The present European edition appeared first in April 1942.

The Griesheim office of the European edition of “The Stars and Stripes” holds an almost complete collection of bound volumes as well as a microfilm version of the newspaper since its first edition in 1942. Electronic research tools are available for editions 1983 and after.

Note: “The Stars and Stripes” is also available on microfilm at:
New York Public Library (http://globallib.nypl.org/)

Moreover, “The Stars and Stripes” offers a library research service for payment (see web site).
Heidelberg, Germany

4. Headquarters, U.S. Army, Europe and Seventh Army

Military History Office
Römerstrasse 168
69126 Heidelberg

Postal address:       ATTN: AEAGS-MH, Römerstrasse 168, 69126 Heidelberg
Phone:               (06221) 577367
E-mail:              historian@cmdgrp.hqusareur.army.mil
Web site:            www.history.hqusareur.army.mil

The U.S. Army, Europe (USAREUR) came into being in August 1952 when a new joint headquarters of the U.S. forces in Europe, the U.S. European Command (USEUCOM), was activated and the existing European Command (EUCOM) in Heidelberg was redesignated U.S. Army, Europe. Since then until the present HQ USAREUR has been the senior command of the U.S. Army forces in Europe in support of NATO.

The USAREUR archive contains material that is classified and for official use only. Consequently, it is not normally available for public research. However, it is the intent of the HQ USAREUR Military History Office to make historical source material on the U.S. Army, Europe, accessible to researchers to every extent possible. For this reason, the office has initiated a declassification review and scanning program of documents. These documents will be made available to scholarly researchers in digital format on-line and/or on CD-ROMs, which can be accessed at the Schurman-Bibliothek, Grabengasse 3–5, 69117 Heidelberg, web site: http://www.schurman.uni-hd.de/.

Two CD-ROMs are available to date. The first contains 35 manuscripts of the so-called Occupation Forces in Europe Series. These manuscripts cover the first four years of the occupation period, i.e. until December 31, 1948. The second CD-ROM contains manuscripts of the annual histories of the U.S. Army, Europe, for the calendar years 1949-59 and the year 1966 as well as two historical studies on the topics, “The American Military Occupation of Germany, 1945–1953,” written by Oliver J. Frederiksen, and “The US Army in Europe, 1953–1963” by Donald J. Hickman (see also the listing of “primary literature” in this volume).
Madison, WI

5. Wisconsin Historical Society

Newspapers and Periodicals Librarian
816 State Street
Madison, WI 53706-1482

Phone: 608-264-6598
Fax: 608-264-6520
E-mail: jpdanky@mail.shsw.wisc.edu
Web site: http://madcat.library.wisc.edu
Business hours: See the Society’s web site:
http://www.shsw.wisc.edu

The library of the Wisconsin Historical Society has the largest collection of newspapers and periodicals published by the U.S. military in Germany. Since approximately 1980 the library has attempted to collect all such titles published in Germany as well as every other location, making many of the files available on microfilm. Titles are frequently specific to a base or a unit, e.g. “Grapevine” (Bad Kreuznach, Germany) or the “Heilbronn Community Circle,” and scholars would want to supplement unit magazines with “The Stars and Stripes,” European edition (see Griesheim, Germany). The total number of titles is significant and researchers should search for relevant materials on the University of Wisconsin-Madison’s online catalog. The library also holds serials published prior to 1980, though the collection is less complete.
Maxwell AFB, AL

6. Air Force Historical Research Agency (AFHRA)

600 Chennault Circle
Maxwell AFB, AL 36112-6424

Phone: 334-953-5834
Fax: 334-953-7428
E-mail: AFHRANEWS@maxwell.af.mil

The Air Force Historical Research Agency (AFHRA) is the repository for Air Force historical documents. The Agency’s collection provides research facilities for professional military education students, the faculty, visiting scholars, and the general public. Except for documents that are classified or otherwise restricted, AFHRA’s collection is open to the public, and visitors are welcome.

AFHRA’s collection is currently available for access by visiting the agency or purchasing the documents on 16mm microfilm. Unclassified documents in AFHRA are available to the public and there is no need for special authorization to use them. More than 90% of the agency’s pre-1955 holdings are declassified. If research involves classified material, proper evidence of an appropriate security clearance and authorization will be needed.

The AFHRA collection consists of two broad categories of materials: The major portion of the collection consists of unit histories that the various Air Force organizations have prepared and submitted periodically since the establishment of the Air Force History Program in 1942. Reporting requirements have changed from time to time over the years, and the submissions vary in quality. The coverage provided by unit histories is supplemented by special collections, including historical monographs and studies, oral history interview transcripts, end-of-tour reports, personal papers of retired general officers and other Air Force personnel, a variety of other reference materials, miscellaneous documents or collections of various organizations, and a large collection of material relating to the U.S. Air Force activities in recent wars and operations.

Note: Microfilm copies of the agency’s collection are deposited at the National Archives at College Park, MD, and at the Air Force History Support Office (AFHSO) at Bolling AFB, Washington, DC.
Ramstein AFB, Germany

7. 86th Airlift Wing

Building 2201
66877 Flugplatz Ramstein

Phone: (06371) 472800
Business hours: By appointment only.

Ramstein Air Force Base, Germany is the home of the 86th Airlift Wing. Other major units at Ramstein include the headquarters of the U.S. Air Forces in Europe (USAFE) and of the Allied Air Forces Central Europe (AAFCE). Ramstein oversees support services for the Kaiserslautern Military Community (see also Kaiserslautern), a community composed of members of every military service and one of the largest concentrations of Americans outside the U.S.

The 86th Airlift Wing’s historical archive is classified and not available for public research. Its intent is to serve for official use by authorized military agencies only. However, the Wing’s historian is prepared to make selected source material available on request.

No holding details are available.
Saint Louis, MO

8. National Personnel Records Centre
(Military Personnel Records)
NPRC (MPR)
9700 Page Avenue
St. Louis, MO 63132-5100

Phone: 314-538-2050
Fax: 314-538-4175
E-mail: MPR.center@nara.gov
Note: The e-mail address may only be used to request general information. Requests for military personnel records or information cannot be accepted by e-mail.

Business hours: 7:30 a.m.–3:45 p.m., Mon.–Fri.

The NPRC is the central repository of personnel-related records, both military and civil service. Its mission is to provide service to government agencies, military veterans, former civilian federal employees, family members, as well as researchers and historians. The NPRC (MPR) is the repository of millions of military personnel, health, and medical records of discharged and deceased veterans of all services during the 20th century.

Most requests received at NPRC (MPR) pertain to the official military personnel files of service veterans, and to the records of medical treatment of military and non-military personnel at U.S. military medical facilities worldwide. Releasable information, access to these records, and requesting procedures vary by the source of the request, records or information desired, and the provisions of the law.

The following holdings are of particular interest for the topic under discussion:

- Official Military Personnel Files (OMPF) including the active duty record;
- Morning Reports: Created each morning, they contain information on individuals who are not “present and accounted for”;
• Unit Rosters: Created monthly, quarterly, or semi-annually, they typically list the members of a particular unit for the last day of the month in which the roster was created.

Note: Morning Reports and Unit Rosters are stored at the NPRC (MPR) for the years until 1974 only.

Information from the records is made available upon written request to the extent allowed by law. For details see the NPRC (MPR) web site.
Washington, DC

9. Air Force History Support Office (AFHSO)

Reference and Analysis Division
200 McChord Street, Box 94
Bolling AFB, DC 20332-1111

Phone: 202-404-2261
E-mail: yvonne.kinkaid@pentagon.af.mil
Web site: http://www.airforcehistory.hq.af.mil
Business hours: Monday through Friday, except federal holidays, and by appointment.

The Air Force History Support Office (AFHSO) is responsible for writing books, monographs, studies, and reports to preserve the history of the U.S. Air Force. The AFHSO also provides historical information, analysis, and perspective to Air Force leaders and their staffs to support planning, policy development, and decision making. In conjunction with the Air Force Historical Research Agency (AFHRA) at Maxwell Air Force Base, Alabama (see there), which is the primary repository of historical information, the office responds to requests for information from private organizations, government agencies, and the general public.

The AFHSO maintains a library that is open to all researchers. Please call in advance of a planned fact-finding trip so the reference team can schedule the appointment. Appointments are easily obtained and are required to avoid overcrowding in the library and to ensure that each researcher receives the best assistance and access to the necessary equipment and resources.

10. Naval Historical Center (NHC)

Washington Navy Yard
805 Kidder Breese Street SE
Washington Navy Yard, DC 20374-5060

Phone: See the NHC homepage.
E-mail: The staff is unable to respond to e-mail queries.
Web site: http://www.history.navy.mil
Business hours: See the NHC Homepage.

The Naval Historical Center (NHC) is the official history program of the Department of the Navy. The Center includes a museum, art gallery,
research library, archives, and curator as well as research and writing programs.

The Operational Archives Branch, the main repository of the U.S. Navy’s operational history, maintains a select group of operational records, histories of naval commands, manuscripts, oral histories, biographies, and personal papers dealing with the twentieth century Navy, especially after 1941. Some of the personal papers and oral histories as well as other sources include references on the U.S. Navy presence in Germany, in particular on Bremerhaven and its U.S. Navy installations.

The NHC provides a short but very helpful on-line research guide on U.S. military history and national security.

11. U.S. Army Center of Military History (CMH)

102 4th Avenue, Fort Lesley J. McNair
Washington, DC 20319-5058

Phone: For pertinent numbers see the CMH web site “visitor policy.”
Fax: See access information.
E-mail: See access information.
Business hours: 8:00 a.m.–4:30 p.m., Mon.–Fri. By appointment only.

The Center of Military History (CMH) is responsible for the appropriate use of history throughout the U.S. Army. Traditionally, it has recorded the official history of the Army in both peace and war and provided historical support to the Army Staff. In recent decades, it also has progressively expanded its active role in the vital areas of military history education, the management of the Army’s museum systems, and the introduction of automated data retrieval systems.

The Center’s art and documents collections, library facilities, and reference services are open to private researchers. Official priorities permitting, its historians, curators, and archivists advise researchers on military history topics and stand ready to share their expertise concerning the location of sources. However, the CMH is not designed to be interactive and is not staffed to answer public electronic inquiries. For details see the CHM homepage.
In addition to the a.m. facilities and services the CMH provides an extensive online information program on U.S. Army history. Of particular interest are the Master List of Army Records and the CMH Online Bookshelves.

To access general information and finding aids, a key word search on the CMH web site is possible online.
SELECTED PRIMARY SOURCES

U.S. MILITARY HISTORY INSTITUTIONS:
DOCUMENTS AND REPORTS AVAILABLE ON-LINE

Documents available on-line at:
http://www.history.hqusareru.army.mil/Archives/occupation.htm


Documents available on-line at:


Documents available on-line at:
http://www.army.mil/cmh-pg/online/Bookshelves/ColdWar.htm

Headquarters, European Command, Historical Division, History of the U.S. Constabulary 10 Jan 46 –31 Dec 47, Frankfurt am Main, 1947.


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SELECTED SECONDARY LITERATURE

GENERAL WORKS AND CASE STUDIES


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MISSION, FUNCTIONS, AND STRUCTURE OF THE AMERICAN FORCES IN GERMANY


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PART 2
GERMAN ARCHIVES

Amberg

12. Staatsarchiv Amberg
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Web site: http://www.gda.bayern.de
Business hours: 8:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.;
8:00 a.m.–1:00 p.m., Fri. The reading room is
also open 6:00 p.m.–8:00 p.m., Tue. and Wed.

The Staatsarchiv Amberg is the central repository of the Regierungsbezirk Oberpfalz for records of the federal and Bavarian middle and lower level administration including judicial authorities. A large number of the records include references to the U.S. military presence in the region since 1945.

Records pertaining to the U.S. military forces and addressing the subjects listed can be found under the following record groups in particular:

- Bestände 2168, 9297, 10103, 11092–4, 11353, 11574, 15753, 16090, 16116, 16252–307, 16353, 16361, 16378, 18295, and 18784, Bezirksamt Amberg: Military Government and U.S. forces, general matters, 1954–64; American war graves, 1945–47; requisitioning/de-requisitioning of real estate and other properties, 1945–58; claims for damages caused by the Wehrmacht and the U.S. Army, 1945–48; radio lectures and discussions on complaints against American occupation authorities and current

- Bestände 1352, 1388, 1421, and 1499–1516, Bezirksamt Beilngries: orders of the occupying power, 1945–56; institutions, authorities and activities of the occupying power, 1952–53; cooperation with and services for the occupying power, 1945–63; petitions, applications and damage claims addressed to the occupying power, 1946–57; maneuvers, maneuver damage, and claims for damage by U.S. forces, 1946–69.
- Bestände 2826, 2882, 6579, 6629, 6636–40, 7661, 7681, Bezirksamt Neunburg vorm Wald: orders and general matters concerning the American Military Government, 1945–47; payment of German employees of the occupying power, 1947–48; occupation costs and reimbursement of occupation costs, 1946–49; construction of a U.S. camp in Alletsried and
stationing of troops, 1951–70; requisitioning and occupation damage, 1945–50.

- Bestände 51, 739, 953–4, 2338, 2987, 3049–56, 3064–77, and 3440–42, Bezirksamt Oberviechtach: hunting practice of members of the occupying power, 1949; relations between the German police and American occupation authorities, 1947; requisitioning of residential buildings and other properties, occupation costs, damage claims and related matters, 1945–51; payment, personnel files and lists of German civil employees working for the American police and other authorities, 1946–48; military exercises and maneuver damage by U.S. forces, 1954–72.


- Bestände 1957, 3959, 5307, 8032-45, 8316, and 10838, Bezirksamt Sulzbach: claims against looting by the occupying power, 1946; hunting practice and hunting regulations for members of the occupying power, 1947–61; correspondence of the Landrat with the U.S. Military Government, 1945–46; German civilian employees of the American occupying power, 1947; maneuvers and damage caused by maneuvers of the American occupation troops, 1949–61; applications for licensing of organizations and societies, 1947–49; illegitimate children of members of the occupation forces, 1948–51.

- Bestände 684–9, Landratsamt Amberg-Sulzbach: construction plans for apartment buildings designated for German civilian employees of the U.S. forces in Vilseck, 1972–73.

The Staatsarchiv also holds microfiche copies of the OMGUS records referring to the Oberpfalz from the originals held at the National Archives at College Park, MD.

Altogether, the holdings related to the U.S. military presence in the region comprise some 180 entries. Most of the documents are accessible electronically.

13. Stadtarchiv Amberg

Zeughausstrasse 1
92224 Amberg

Phone: (09621) 10-266
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E-mail: stadtarchiv@amberg.de
Various U.S. Army units were stationed in Pond Barracks and at Amberg airfield from 1945/1950 until 1992. The garrison also comprised the Amberg Family Housing and community facilities.

The Stadtarchiv Amberg contains records of the administration of the city of Amberg. A moderate number of holdings refers to the occupation period. They include orders and regulations of the Military Government, records on requisitioning/de-requisitioning of municipal facilities, and records on the handing over of the local Wehrmacht barracks to U.S. troops. Available are also investigation reports of the local police to the Military Government and reports on refugee and housing problems. For the later period, holdings include some records on the cooperation with the U.S. units stationed at Amberg and on local German-American activities and relations. Accessible records cover the period 1945–1960.

14. Landkreis Amberg-Sulzbach

Zentrale Dienste
Schlossgraben 3
92224 Amberg

Phone: (09621) 39300
Fax: (09621) 37605312
E-mail: WFrank@amberg-sulzbach.de
Business hours: By appointment only.

The repository of the Landratsamt contains current records of the district administration of Landkreis Amberg-Sulzbach until they are closed and deposited in the Staatsarchiv Amberg.

A moderate number of records pertaining to the U.S. military presence is still being held by the repository of Landkreis Amberg-Sulzbach and can be made accessible on request:

- Bestand 070, Zusammenarbeit mit Behörden der Stationierungsstreitkräfte: provision of living space for the U.S. Army (1969–84); various matters concerning the Grafenwöhr and Hohenfels military training areas, e.g. burden of U.S. forces (1976–86); measuring of emissions

• Bestand 072, Ersatzansprüche gegenüber den Stationierungsstreitkräften: military training and compensation for maneuver damage (1962–88).

• Some further records with reference to U.S. troops deal with the operation of firing ranges (1986), free transportation of U.S. dependants during the Gulf War (1990–91), an agreement on water-supply for the U.S. Army camp Vilseck (1986), and redistribution of tax income for municipalities with U.S. garrisons (1984–85).
Augsburg

15. Staatsarchiv Augsburg
Salomon-Idler-Strasse 2
86159 Augsburg

Phone: (0821) 575025
Fax: (0821) 579945
Web site: http://www.gda.bayern.de
Business hours: 8:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Mon., Wed., and Thurs.;
8:00 a.m.–7:00 p.m., Tue.; 8:00 a.m.–1:30 p.m., Fri.

The Staatsarchiv Augsburg preserves the records of middle and lower level administration of the Bavarian Regierungsbezirk Schwaben including judicial authorities and source material of other provenance.

The holdings include a number of records that pertain to the American military presence in the region since 1945. Records referring to the U.S. forces and related subjects can be found dispersed among the following record groups/entries:

- Regierung von Schwaben: some records dealing with the administrative cooperation of the district government with American military authorities.
- Staatsanwaltschaft Augsburg: case files on homicide of/by U.S. military personnel.
- Kriminalpolizei Augsburg: investigation reports as above.
- Forstämter: use of land by U.S. occupation troops.
- Finanzbauamt: construction plans of U.S. barracks and facilities.
- Landratsämter: the records of the Landratsämter provide insight into different facets of the U.S. military presence, e.g. public safety and order in connection with the U.S. forces, military exercises, and damage resulting from maneuvers.

Moreover, the Staatsarchiv holds microfiche copies of the OMGUS records referring to Schwaben from the originals held at the National Archives at College Park, MD.

The Staatsarchiv Augsburg also contains some printed material providing documentation on the American military presence, including an incomplete run of “Der Überblick,” a periodical of the HICOG Resident Office of Donauwörth of 1950–51, some editions of the Neu-Ulm Military
Community periodical “Donau” (1984/85) and various information pamphlets and booklets of the University of Maryland branch located at Augsburg in 1992–94.


16. Stadtarchiv Augsburg

Fuggerstrasse 12
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Web site: http://www.augsburg.de
Business hours: 7:30 a.m.–4:30 p.m., Mon.–Wed.; 7:30 a.m.–5:30 p.m., Thurs.; 7:30 a.m.–12:00 p.m., Fri.

Augsburg was a large U.S. Army garrison from 1945 to 1998. The Augsburg Military Community (AMC) comprised at times some thirty thousand persons. Main installations were Reese and Sheridan Barracks, Flak-Kaserne and the Centerville, Cramerton, Sullivan Height, and Fryar Circle Housing Areas.

The Stadtarchiv Augsburg holds a moderate number of records reflecting the U.S. military presence in the city over the entire period. Subject indices for the period of occupation refer to the occupation of Augsburg by U.S. troops and the stationing of the troops in the city, requisitioning of public and private real estate and other properties (1945–57), and the establishment and activities of the Amerika-Haus (1948–52). For the later period, holdings include records on general correspondence regarding the stationing of U.S. troops (1968–92), activities of the German-American Advisory Council (1952–70s), provision of terrain for military training areas and firing ranges, firing practice and field exercises, and sponsorship “Skycrane Augsburg.” In addition, the archive has a collection of newspaper cuttings, information booklets, commemorative publications, and invitation lists dealing with German-American activities.
Bad Kreuznach

17. Stadtarchiv Bad Kreuznach

Dessauerstrasse 49
55545 Bad Kreuznach

Postal address: Postfach 563, 55529 Bad Kreuznach
Phone: (0671) 9200332 or 800248
Fax: (0671) 9200334
E-mail: stadtarchiv-bad-kreuznach@t-online.de
Web site: http://www.stadt-bad-kreuznach.de
Business hours: 9:00 a.m.—12:00 p.m., Wed. and Thurs.;
2:00 p.m.—5:00 p.m., Fri.

Bad Kreuznach housed a large U.S. Army garrison with a division head- 
quartters from 1945 to 2001. Main installations included George C. 
Marshall, Minick and Rose Barracks, as well as an airfield and a hospital, 
a family housing area, and community facilities.

Up to now no records of the municipal authorities on matters con- 
cerning the U.S. military presence in the town have been deposited in the 
Stadtarchiv. They remain in the various city offices and it is undeter- 
mined when they will be accessible to researchers.

However, the Stadtarchiv holds collections of local newspapers and 
other source material reasonably reflecting the local German-American 
relations in Bad Kreuznach since 1945.
Bamberg

18. Staatsarchiv Bamberg

Hainstrasse 39
96047 Bamberg

Phone: (0951) 98622-0
Fax: (0951) 98622-50
Web site: http://www.gda.bayern.de
Business hours: 8:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.;
8:00 a.m.–1:30 p.m., Fri. The reading room is
open on Wednesdays until 8:00 p.m.

The Staatsarchiv Bamberg is one of the state archives of Bavaria preserving records of middle and lower level administrative and judicial authorities and other source material of the Bavarian Regierungsbezirk Oberfranken.

The holdings of the Staatsarchiv Bamberg include a moderate number of records pertaining to the American military presence in its area of responsibility that can be found under the following record groups:


Note: The record group Rep. K 5, Landratsamt Bamberg is an example only. There are more records of some twenty other Landratsämter (Rep. K 6–K 22), but no details are available. It can be assumed that these records deal with subjects similar to those of the Bezirksämter listed under Staatsarchiv Amberg, e.g. requisitioning, public safety and order, occupation costs, U.S. construction projects and infrastructure, military exercises, damage resulting from maneuvers, etc.

The Staatsarchiv also holds microfiche copies of the OMGUS records related to the Oberfranken district held at the National Archives at College Park, MD.
For general information and finding aids, see “Staatsarchiv Bamberg,” Kurzführer der staatlichen Archive Bayerns 4 (München, 1979).

19. Stadtarchiv Bamberg

Untere Sandstrasse 30a
96049 Bamberg

Phone: (0951) 87-1371
Fax: (0951) 87-1968
E-mail: stadtarchiv@bamberg.de
Web site: http://www.bamberg.de/stadtarchiv

Business hours: 8:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Mon.–Wed.; 8:00 a.m.–8:00 p.m., Thurs.; 8:00 a.m.–2:30 p.m., Fri.

Bamberg has been a U.S. Army garrison since 1945. Main installations include Warner Barracks, Bamberg Airfield, and the Thomas F. Flynn Village and Pines Area housing complexes.

The Stadtarchiv’s holdings pertaining to the U.S. military presence in the city cover the period of occupation and later years. However, the main part of the relevant records is not yet deposited in the archive and kept in the city administration’s central registry instead. These records are not arranged but may be made accessible to researchers. No details are available, however. Pertinent records in custody of the archive consist of two groups of files entitled Hauptregistratur (C 2) and Hauptregistra-
tur (C 2 HR). The first group covers mainly the years after 1955 and addresses subjects like the German-American Advisory Council and the relocation of U.S. used facilities, e.g. a firing range. The latter covers primarily the period of occupation and includes such subjects as donations of the U.S. military, brawls and fights involving occupation personnel, and again the German-American Advisory Council. The overall picture of the U.S. military presence and the German-American local relations in the city is best reflected in the Zeitgeschichtliche Sammlung (collection on contemporary history matters) of the archive under the entry Besatzungsmacht. The collection consists of newspaper cuttings, photographs, and other source material made accessible by subject indices. The archive also has a collection of posters and photographs on activities of the Amerika-Haus and the German Youth Activities (G.Y.A).
Baumholder

20. Verbandsgemeindeverwaltung

Am Weiherdamm 1
55774 Baumholder

Phone: (06783) 8111
Fax: (06783) 8160
E-mail: VGV_BAUMHOLDER@t-online.de
Business hours: By appointment only.

The small town of Baumholder houses a large U.S. Army garrison of some eighteen thousand service members and dependents since 1952. Main installations are H. D. Smith and Wetzel Barracks, Baumholder Airfield, an Army Hospital, and the Faulenberg, Ringelsberg and Smith Housing Areas with a large number of community facilities.

The town does not maintain a regular archive but the town administration’s repository can be made accessible to researchers on request. The U.S. military presence and the German-American community relations in Baumholder are well reflected in various records contained in the repository. Yet, relevant documents are interfiled in the records of the town offices in accordance with a functional filing system that does not refer to any German-American civil-military matters specifically. In addition, the records are not arranged for research and no specific subject index is available. Therefore, researchers may have to go through a number of records in order to make a find.
Bayreuth

21. Stadt Bayreuth-Stadtarchiv

Maximilianstrasse 64 (Spitalhof)
95444 Bayreuth

Phone: (0921) 60002696
Fax: (0921) 5304660
Business hours: 8:00 a.m.–12:00 p.m., Mon.–Fri.; 2:00 p.m.–4:00 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.

Bayreuth, together with the nearby town of Bindlach, formed a U.S. Army garrison until 1992 when it was closed in the course of the American troop reduction. The American military community comprised several thousand army personnel and dependants garrisoned in Röhrensee-Kaserne in Bayreuth and Christensen Barracks in Bindlach. The dependants were housed in Gartenstadt and Maranierring Family Housing.

The Stadtarchiv Bayreuth holds only some twenty records related to the U.S. military presence in the town from 1945 to 1966. The majority of the records pertain to the city administration’s collaboration with the U.S. Military Government and the U.S. High Commission respectively. The holdings include a collection of Military Government orders and announcements, notes and minutes of meetings of city and Military Government officials, periodical and general reports of the city administration to the Military Government, records on requisitioning/de-requisitioning of public and private property, as well as on the fulfillment of other obligations for the occupying power. For the later period, there are a few records on meetings of the German-American Advisory Council (1952–59) and other German-American activities, mainly social events (until 1966).
Berlin

22. Alliierten Museum e.V.

Clayallee 135 (Outpost)
14195 Berlin-Zehlendorf

Phone: (030) 81 81 99-0
Fax: (030) 81 81 99-91
E-mail: info@AlliiertenMuseum.de
Web site: http://www.alliiertenmuseum.de
Business hours: 10 a.m.–6 p.m. daily except Wednesdays.

The Allied Museum is a non-profit association that is financially supported by the Federal Republic of Germany. In addition to the Federal Republic, the other six members include: the Land of Berlin, the countries of the three Western Powers (France, Great Britain, and the United States), the German Historical Museum in Berlin and the Institute for Contemporary History in Munich. The association’s charter assigns the Allied Museum the task of documenting the role played by the Allies as well as their commitments in Berlin and in Germany as a whole from 1945 to 1994.

The collection of the museum comprises a wealth of material relics from the past that the museum is committed to preserving and researching. The collection has been organized into the categories of: large objects, military memorabilia, weapons, technical appliances, signs/models, everyday items, maps/posters, documents, photographs, voice recordings, and video recordings. The military memorabilia collection and the document collection are especially extensive, and are mainly compiled of items of American origin. Younger items by far outnumber items from the earlier period of Western power presence. The stocks can be lent out between museums and are accessible for research purposes as long as their condition permits it.


Note: The Allied Museum has issued a series of publications. For details see the web page.
23. ver.di-Archiv

Potsdamer Platz 10
10785 Berlin

Postal address: Archiv der Vereinten Dienstleistungsgewerkschaft e.V., D-10785 Berlin.
Phone: (030) 6956-1064 or (030) 6956-1059
Fax: (030) 6956-3011
E-mail: archiv@verdi.de
Web site: http://www.verdi.de
Business hours: By appointment only.

The ver.di-Archiv has existed since March 2001 when the Vereinte Dienstleistungsgewerkschaft (ver.di) was founded by uniting several previously independent unions of the services sector. The archive is the principal repository of the newly founded union and it is responsible for registering and storing records of the union’s central administration.

Apart from initial ver.di-material the ver.di-Archiv contains primarily the previous holdings of records and publications of the organizations founding the new union, i.e. Deutsche Angestelltengewerkschaft (DAG), Deutsche Postgewerkschaft (DPG), Gewerkschaft Handel, Banken und Versicherungen (HBV), Industriegewerkschaft Medien (IG Medien), and Gewerkschaft Öffentliche Dienste, Transport und Verkehr (ÖTV).

In particular, the records of the ÖTV are worth mentioning. These comprise a vast amount of prearranged records from the different departments of the ÖTV and include some 30 linear meters of files from the departments concerning the working conditions and wage rates of the German employees of the stationing troops.

24. Archiv des Katholischen Militärbischofs

für die Deutsche Bundeswehr
Am Weidendamm 2
Eingang Planckstrasse 26/28
10117 Berlin (Mitte)

Postal address: Postfach 64 02 26, 10048 Berlin
Phone: (030) 4981-4170 and (030) 4981-4172
Fax: (030) 4981-4113
The Archiv des Katholischen Militärbischofs is the principal repository for records of the Catholic chaplains' service of the Bundeswehr.

The holdings comprise some entries with references to the U.S. forces in Germany. The entries of prime importance are the records and private papers of Georg Werthmann, who was the first Roman Catholic Militärdekan (chaplain general) in the Bundeswehr from 1956–62. His records and personal papers include documentation of his previous assignment in the Headquarters U.S. Army, Europe (HQ USAREUR), Chaplains’ Division from 1951–55, where he was responsible for pastoral work in the German Labor Service and for planning the chaplains’ service in the Bundeswehr. Moreover, the holdings include documentation on the contacts of the Roman Catholic bishop, command chaplains, and garrison chaplains of the Bundeswehr with the chaplains’ services of allied armed forces, including the U.S. forces in Germany.

25. Die Bundesbeauftragte für die Unterlagen des Staatssicherheitsdienstes der ehemaligen Deutschen Demokratischen Republik (BStU)

Glinkastrasse 35
10117 Berlin-Mitte

Postal address: Postfach 218, 10106 Berlin
Phone: (030) 2241-70
Fax: (030) 2241-7762
E-mail: post@bstu.de
Web site: http://www.bstu.de
Business hours: By appointment only.

The BstU holds records of the major counterintelligence agency of the former German Democratic Republik (GDR), the Ministerium für Staatssicherheit (MfS). Although some records were destroyed in 1990 by
GDR officials, the archive includes a vast number of documents concerning the counterintelligence against U.S. espionage in the GDR, MfS observation activities, and spy operations targeting U.S. forces. Major holdings pertaining to the U.S. forces include:

- Hauptabteilung II “Spionageabwehr” (counterintelligence): reports on organization, equipment and activities of the U.S. forces and U.S. intelligence services in the GDR.
- Hauptabteilung VIII “Beobachtung, Ermittlung” (observation and investigation): records on activities of the U.S. Military Mission and inspection teams in the GDR.
- Abteilung X “Internationale Verbindungen” (international relations): records on U.S. military authorities and the personnel of U.S. intelligence services in the FRG.
- Hauptabteilung Aufklärung (intelligence): records on concepts, organization, equipment, and activities of the U.S. forces.
- Allgemeine Sachablage des MfS (general repository of the MfS): so-called Feind-Objektvorgänge (enemy object files) on U.S. military intelligence agencies in the FRG.
- Relevant records can also be found under certain subject categories of the Hauptabteilung I “Abwehrarbeit in Nationale Volksarmee und Grenztruppen” (counterintelligence in the GDR people’s army and border police); Hauptabteilung III “Funkaufklärung” (signal intelligence), Hauptabteilung VI “Passkontrolle” (passport control), and Hauptabteilung VII “Abwehrarbeit MdI/DVP” (counterintelligence against U.S. Military Missions and military inspection teams).
- Isolated references may also be found in records of other divisions and external branches of the MfS.

26. Evangelisches Zentralarchiv (EZA) in Berlin
Bethaniendamm 29
10997 Berlin

Phone: (030) 2250-0
Fax: (030) 225045-40
E-mail: archiv@ezab.de
Web site: http://www.ezab.de
Business hours: 9:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.;
9:00 a.m.–2:00 p.m., Fri. A prior appointment is required.
The Evangelisches Zentralarchiv (EZA) in Berlin is the central repository of the Evangelical Church in Germany (EKD) and of the Evangelical Church of the Union (EKU). The EKD is itself a union of all the Protestant churches in Germany, creating an alliance of independent churches of the various Protestant denominations. The EKU is the successor organization of the Prussian State Church. The EZA is responsible for all archival material from offices, organizations, and institutions of the EKD and the EKU.

Approximately a hundred files of the Zentralarchiv’s holdings refer to the U.S. military presence in Germany, mainly during the period of occupation. Subjects addressed are the treatment of German war criminals and the social life and situation in Germany. Other entries with possible references to the U.S. forces are the Ökumenisches Archiv, which contains source material on the ecumenical movement, the Christian peace movement since 1959, including organizations to assist conscientious objectors, and on the American Church in Berlin. Moreover, the collection of personal papers of a number of church men may include relevant references.

For general information and finding aids, see Christa Stache, *Das Evangelische Zentralarchiv und seine Bestände* (Berlin, 1992).

27. Landesarchiv Berlin

Eichbornsdamm 115-125
13403 Berlin

**Phone:** (030) 90264-0

**Fax:** (030) 90264-201

**E-mail:** info@landesarchiv-berlin.de

**Web site:** http://www.landesarchiv-berlin.de

**Business hours:** 9:00 a.m.–6:00 p.m., Tues. and Thurs.;
9:00 a.m.–3:00 p.m., Wed. and Fri.

The Landesarchiv Berlin is the principal repository for records and other source material of the Berlin Senat and Senatsverwaltung as well as the district and judicial authorities. It also contains records of middle and lower level federal authorities located in Berlin and of public institutions and private associations. The U.S. occupation and stationing troops garrisoned in Berlin from 1945/46 until 1994 numbered not quite seven
thousand servicemen, mainly serving in the U.S. Army Berlin Brigade formed in 1961, plus several thousand dependents. Main facilities consisted of General Lucius D. Clay Headquarters, Andrew Barracks, Roosevelt Barracks, McNair Barracks, Turner Barracks, Army Hospital, Tempelhof Airbase, several housing areas, and Truman Plaza.

For the period of occupation, holdings are to be found in the following record groups:

- B Rep 036: microfiche copies of the Office of Military Government Berlin Sector (OMGBS) records deposited at the National Archives at College Park, MD.
- B Rep 037: records of other American authorities in Berlin deposited at the National Archives and Records Administration at College Park, MD.

Of major relevance are likewise the records of the Hauptamt für Kriegsschäden und Besatzungskosten (department for war damage and occupation costs). Other records with possible reference to U.S. military forces are spread over a large number of entries of the various departments of the Berlin government and the Berlin administrative and judicial authorities. No details are available. Relevant records are to be expected particularly but not exclusively in the record groups:

- B Rep 002 Regierender Bürgermeister/Senatskanzlei (governing mayor/senate chancellery);
- B Rep 004-02 Senator für Sicherheit und Ordnung (senator for law and order);
- B Rep 009 Senatsverwaltung für Bau und Wohnungswesen (department for construction and housing);
- B Rep 020 Polizeipräsident (chief of the police);
- B Rep 42 Landgericht/Strafkammer (state court/division for criminal matters),
- B Rep 042-054 Amtsgerichte (district courts);
- B Rep 202-220 Bezirksämter (district administrations). The Bezirksämter in particular reflect in vivid detail the political, cultural, and social impact of the American presence in the city.

The Landesarchiv Berlin also holds a large number of personal papers of public figures and Berlin citizens, which may refer to the U.S. forces occasionally, in particular those of Ernst Reuter, governing mayor from 1947–53, his successor Otto Suhr, and the American journalist Hans Habe.
Moreover, the numerous collections of the archive include a variety of source material on the U.S. military presence, e.g. F Rep 240 Zeitgeschichtliche Sammlung (collection on contemporary history matters), F Rep 260 Plakatsammlung (collection of posters), F Rep 290 Fotosammlung (collection of photographs), and F Rep 400 Filme and Videos (films and videos).

For general information and finding aids, see:


28. Politisches Archiv des Auswärtigen Amts

Auswärtiges Amt-Referat 117
Werderscher Mark 1
10117 Berlin (Mitte)

Postal address: Auswärtiges Amt, 11013 Berlin
Phone: (01888) 172159 (reception)
Fax: (01888) 173948
E-mail: 117-R@auswaertiges-amt.de
Web site: http://www.auswaertiges-amt.de
Business hours: 8:15 a.m.–4:30 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.;
8:15 a.m.–3:00 p.m., Fri. Prior written application is necessary.

The Politisches Archiv des Auswärtigen Amts is the general repository for ministerial records of the German Foreign Office.

There is a vast number of holdings with references to the German-American relations in general and the security relations in particular, which cannot be described in full. Hence, only records of seemingly immediate pertinence to the U.S. military presence in Germany are listed below.
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### Bestand B 11, Abteilung 3, Länderabteilung

Note: The filing system of this entry is presently under review. Volumes up to number 808 are listed in compliance with the new system and are microfilmed. Volumes from 1146 onwards still reflect the old system.

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More important documents on the subject have been published in the following series of source editions:

* Akten zur Auswärtigen Politik der Bundesrepublik Deutschland (AAPD) ed. on behalf of Auswärtiges Amt by Institut für Zeitgeschichte, main ed. Hans-Peter Schwarz, 20 vols. (so far), (München, 1994ff.).


Bitburg

29. Stadtarchiv Bitburg

Rathausplatz 3-4
54634 Bitburg

Postal address: Stadtarchiv, Rathaus der Stadt Bitburg,
Rathausplatz 3-4, 54634 Bitburg

Phone: (06561) 6001-0 or 6001-127
Fax: (06561) 6001-290 or 6001-9127
E-mail: neu.p@stadt.bitburg.de
Web site: http://www.bitburg.de

Opening hours: 8:00 a.m.–12:30 p.m., Wed. or on request.

Constructed in the years 1949–52, Bitburg AFB was the home base of a USAF tactical fighter wing from 1952 to 1994, when the base was abandoned and conversion into a commercial and leisure area began. The USAF housing area in Bitburg is still being used by the personnel of Spangdahlem AFB. The overall strength of the USAF garrison in Bitburg was at times some ten thousand persons.

The Stadtarchiv holds numerous records dealing with the USAF presence in the town from its very beginning until the airbase was abandoned. Of prime importance are the minutes of regular meetings between American and German municipal and military authorities, police officials, and church ministry, which properly reflect the German-American community relations. Source material on the Bitburg German-American women’s club and the friendship club is also available, though only as far as the town was directly concerned by their activities. Efforts on noise abatement and on prevention of water pollution are documented for the period after 1975. The visit of President Ronald W. Reagan in Bitburg in May 1985 is particularly well reflected in a collection of documents and German and international press reports. The economic significance of the airbase for the town and the region was repeatedly the subject of academic studies that are accessible at the archive. The archive also holds a collection of the Bitburg AFB magazine “Skyblazer,” although not the complete run.
Note: Additional records on the U.S. military presence in the immediate vicinity of Bitburg, e.g. radar stations, missile sites, depots etc., are held by the Archiv der Verbandsgemeinde Bitburg-Land, Hubert-Prim-Strasse, 54634 Bitburg. However, no details are available. Moreover, the U.S. military presence in the Eiffel region is reflected in the records of the Kreisverwaltung Bitburg held by the Landeshauptarchiv Koblenz (see there).
Böblingen

30. Stadtarchiv Böblingen

Marktplatz 14-16
71032 Böblingen

Postal address: Postfach 1920, 71009 Böblingen
Phone: (07031) 669-483
Fax: (07031) 669-688
E-mail: eberhard@boeblingen.de
Business hours: 9:00 a.m.–12:00 p.m., Mon.–Fri.; 4:00 p.m.–6:00 p.m., Tues.; 3:00 p.m.–4:30 p.m., Thurs.

Böblingen has been a U.S. Army garrison since 1945. The garrison’s main facilities comprise the Panzerkaserne, a maintenance plant, a local training area and firing range, and a housing area.

The Stadtarchiv Böblingen holds a number of records which include documentation of the U.S. military presence and the German-American community relations. However, the documents are scattered among various records with no subject indices specifically referring to the U.S. military forces. Of particular interest may be the record groups Oberbürgermeister and Gaststätten. The Stadtarchiv also has collections of photograph and newspaper cuttings covering the entire period.
Bonn

31. Archiv der sozialen Demokratie (AdsD)
der Friedrich-Ebert-Stiftung
Godesberger Allee 149
53175 Bonn

Postal address: Archiv der sozialen Demokratie der Friedrich-Ebert-Stiftung, 53170 Bonn
Phone: (0228) 883-425 or 480
Fax: (0228) 883-497
E-mail: archiv.auskunft@fes.de
Web site: http://www.fes.de
Business hours: 9:00 a.m.–5:00 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.; 9:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Fri.

The Archiv der Sozialen Demokratie is the principal repository for the records of the German Social Democratic Party, the Sozialdemokratische Partei Deutschlands (SPD). It holds the largest collection of documents on the history of the German labor movement.

The collections of the AdsP include several hundred sets of personal papers and deposita of leading SPD politicians and unionists, records of the central party bodies and parliamentary groups as well as those of regional and local party organizations, records of other organizations (mainly of the labor movement), records of German and international labor unions, and a number of specified collections. There are no record groups specifically addressing the U.S. military presence in Germany or related topics. However, some of the personal papers as well as some records of the party organizations and of the Allgemeiner Deutscher Gewerkschaftsbund (DGB) and the Deutsche Angestelltengewerkschaft (DAG) may include relevant source material. This may be especially the case for source material stemming from persons and/or party and union organizations located in Bayern, Baden-Württemberg, Hessen, and Rheinland-Pfalz. It can be expected that requisitioning/de-requisitioning of German properties in the period of occupation, occupation/defense nuisances and burdens, German-American community relations, and German employees of the stationing forces are the main subjects addressed.
The AdsD homepage provides a variety of online research possibilities on the archive’s holdings, e.g. a register of the originators of personal papers with biographical data and a summary of the contents. See also Archiv der sozialen Demokratie der Friedrich-Ebert-Stiftung, Bestandsübersicht, 2nd ed., (Bonn, 1998).
Bremen

32. Staatsarchiv Bremen

Am Staatsarchiv 1
28203 Bremen

Phone: (0421) 361-6221
Fax: (0421) 361-10247
E-mail: zentrale@staatsarchiv.bremen.de
Web site: http://www.bremen.de/info/staatsarchiv
Business hours: 9:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Tues. and Wed.; 9:00 a.m.–8:00 p.m., Thurs.; 9:00 a.m.–3:00 p.m., Fri.

The Staatsarchiv Bremen is the principal archival repository for records and other source material of the Bremen government (Senatsverwaltung), the district administration, and judicial authorities. It also contains records of public institutions in Bremen and several private associations.

The holdings pertaining to the U.S. military presence for the most part originated during the period of occupation, as the city housed no American garrison thereafter. Nevertheless, Bremen as a Bundesland (federal state) with Bremerhaven (see separate entry) was always very important for the supply channels of the U.S. forces in Germany due to its ports. Holdings include the record groups Weserhafenbehörde (civil port authority), microfiche and other copies of the Office of Military Government for Bremen (OMGB) records as well as selected copies of the records of the Joint Chiefs of Staff (JCS), the Supreme Headquarters Allied Expeditionary Force (SHAEF), the War Department, and of the U.S. forces European Theater (USFET), Historical Division held at the National Archives in College Park, MD. Other relevant records are spread among the entries of various Bremen government departments, in particular those of the Senator für Inneres (senator of the interior), Senator für Hafen, Schiffahrt und Verkehr (senator of port, shipping and traffic), Senator für Wirtschaft und Aussenhandel (senator for economy and foreign trade), and Senator für Finanzen (senator of finance).

For general information and finding aids, see Beständeübersicht Staatsarchiv Bremen, 2nd ed. (Bremen, 2000). This overview of holdings is also available online on the Staatsarchivs web site.
Bremerhaven

33. Seestadt Bremerhaven-Stadtarchiv

Hinrich-Schmalfeldt-Strasse, Stadthaus 5
27526 Bremerhaven

Postal address: Postfach 21 03 60, 27524 Bremerhaven
Phone: (0471) 590-2459 or 2567
Fax: (0471) 590-2005
E-mail: Stadtarchiv@magistrat.bremerhaven.de
Web site: http://www.bremerhaven.de
Business hours: 9:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Mon. and Wed.;
9:00 a.m.–6:00 p.m., Thurs.

As the prime port for supplying the U.S. forces in Germany, Bremerhaven housed a U.S. Navy garrison from 1945–1993 with some thirty-five hundred servicemen and dependants. Main facilities included a dock area, the Carl Schurz Barracks, an airfield, and the Engemoor and Blink Housing Areas.

The Stadtarchiv’s holdings provide solid documentation on the U.S. military presence in the city. In particular, the record group of the Hauptamt (city council’s main office) includes some hundred files regarding the American occupation and the local German-American relations for the period 1945–62. The archive also holds microfiche copies of selected parts of the Office of Military Government for Bremen (OMGB) records from the originals held by the National Archives in College Park, MD. Moreover, the Zeitgeschichtliche Sammlung (collection on contemporary history matters) includes local American newspapers and posters as well as leaflets on the American Forces Network (AFN) and the Amerika-Haus in Bremerhaven covering the entire period of U.S. presence. There also is a collection of newspaper clippings on the American occupation, the U.S. military presence and activities, and the local German-American relations.
Crailsheim

34. Stadt Crailsheim-Archiv

Marktplatz 1+2
74564 Crailsheim

Postal address: Postfach 1465, 74554 Crailsheim
Phone: (07951) 403-290
Fax: (07951) 403-159
E-mail: foertsch@crailsheim.de
Business hours: 9:30 a.m.–2:00 p.m., Tues.; 1:00 p.m.–7:00 p.m., Thurs. and by appointment.

Crailsheim was a U.S. Army garrison from 1945 until 1993 with a personnel strength of up to three thousand individuals. Main installations comprised McKee Barracks, a local training area, and a family housing area located at the barracks compound.

The Stadtarchiv contains a moderate number of records regarding the U.S. military presence in the town, but which are not yet catalogued. Subjects include: establishment of the U.S. Military Government (e.g. guard units, Railway Transportation Office), occupation costs and burden, payments for German employees, confiscation of the airfield, construction of U.S. Army barracks, requisitioning of real estate, maneuvers, and damage resulting from maneuvers. The Stadtarchiv also holds a photo collection on the U.S. forces as well as a video documentation on McKee Barracks and a collection of American presents given to the city. The local newspaper “Hohenloher Tageblatt,” reflecting the U.S. military presence in the town, is also available at the Stadtarchiv.
Darmstadt

35. Hessisches Staatsarchiv Darmstadt

Karolinenplatz 3
64289 Darmstadt

Phone: (06151) 165900
Fax: (06151) 165901
E-mail: stad@hrz4.tu-darmstadt.de

Business hours: 9:00 a.m.–7:30 p.m., Mon.; 9:00 a.m.–5:30 p.m., Tues.–Thurs.; 9:00 a.m.–3:00 p.m., Fri.

For the period after 1945, the Hessisches Staatsarchiv Darmstadt serves as the central repository for records of the Regierungsbezirk Darmstadt. Holdings include records of the office of the Regierungspräsident and of subordinate administrative and judicial authorities. The archive also contains records of middle and lower level federal authorities located in the region.

Records pertaining to the U.S. military presence are interspersed among various record groups and entries. Most references are to be found in the following record groups. H 1: Regierungspräsident Darmstadt; H 2: Kreisämter; H 4: Polizei; H 14: Amtsgerichte; H 24: Staatsbauämter; H 26: Ämter für Verteidigungslasten. No details on subjects are available but these will probably correspond with those in other Staatsarchive listed in this guide. Isolated references may also be found in other record groups, e.g. in Bestand J2 B: Oberfinanzdirektion Frankfurt and M: Städte und Gemeinden. Moreover, some documents in the personal papers of Hermann Hesse, legal advisor in the Hessian Ministry of Finance, 1946–48 (Bestand O 24) and Christian Stock, Prime Minister of Hesse, 1947–50 (Bestand O 27) deal with the presence of American military forces in Germany.

For general information and finding aids, see Friedrich Battenberg, ed., Die Bestände des Staatsarchivs Darmstadt (Darmstadt, 1997).
Darmstadt has been a U.S. Army garrison since 1945 with a strength of some four thousand servicemen plus several thousand dependants prior to the troop reduction in the early 1990s. Main installations comprised Griesheim Airfield, Kelley Barracks, Cambrai Fritsch Kaserne, Nathan Hale Depot, and the housing areas Lincoln Village, Jefferson Village, and St. Barbara Village.

The Stadtarchiv holds only a moderate number of records explicitly referring to the U.S. forces in the town in particular during the period of occupation. These are

- Bestand ST 28, Hauptverwaltung: Subjects include requisitioning/de-requisitioning of residential buildings and private property, offenses committed by U.S. soldiers, and barracks.
- Bestand ST 28, Polizei: Subjects include offenses committed by U.S. soldiers, occupation law, directives and regulations of the Military Government.

The holdings also include the records of the Deutsch-Amerikansiches Institut (DAI), formerly the Amerika-Haus, which was closed in 1997. These reflect the community relations between the American military and the city of Darmstadt from 1945–55. Additionally, there are numerous pertinent documents scattered among records of various departments of municipal authorities covering later years.
Dortmund

37. Institut für Zeitungsforschung

Mikrofilmarchiv der deutschsprachigen Presse e.V.
Königswall 18
44122 Dortmund

Phone: (0231) 50-2 32 21
Fax: (0231) 50-2 60 18
E-mail: hbacker@stadtde.de
Web site: http://www.zeitungsforschung.de
Business hours: 10:00 a.m.–6:30 p.m., Tues. and Thurs.;
10:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Wed. and Fri.

The history of the Institut für Zeitungsforschung goes back to the 1920s, when the director of the Dortmund city library started collecting newspapers and journals of the region. Today the Institut holds the largest collection of German-language newspapers and journals.

The Institute’s collection comprises more than 27,000 volumes and 90,000 microfilms (35 mm) of newspapers, 33,000 volumes of journals and 57,000 books on mass media and journalism. More than seventy daily papers and two hundred popular and specialist journals are continually collected. Moreover, the Institute’s holdings of personal papers and estates of German journalists may be of interest.
Eichstätt

38. Diözesanarchiv Eichstätt

Luitpoldstrasse 1
85072 Eichstätt

Postal address: Postfach 1301, 85067 Eichstätt
Phone: (08421) 50-761
Fax: (08421) 50-769
E-mail: archiv@bistum-eichstaett.de
Business hours: 8:00 a.m.–12:00 p.m., Tues.–Fri.;
1:00 p.m.–4:00 p.m., Tues.–Thurs.

The Diözesanarchiv Eichstätt is the principle archival repository of the Catholic diocese of Eichstätt. The archive contains some holdings regarding the U.S. military presence in the region. These include records of the office of the vicar-general including directives and files on contact with the U.S. Military Government as well as the papers of bishop Michael Rackl (1935–48) and bishop Joseph Schöffer (1948–67), including official correspondence with U.S. military authorities.
ETTLINGEN

39. STADTARCHIV ETTLINGEN

Schloss
76275 Ettlingen

Postal address: Postfach 0762, 76261 Ettlingen
Phone: (07243) 101-467
Fax: (07243) 101-530
E-mail: stadtarchiv@ettlingen

Business hours: 8:00 a.m.–12:00 p.m., Mon.–Fri.;
1:00 p.m.–4:00 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.

Ettlingen was a U.S. Army garrison from 1951 until 1995. The main installation was the Rheinlandkaserne, which was the home of a German Labor Service transport unit.

The Stadtarchiv holds some twenty records on the U.S. military presence in the town covering the entire period. The records consist of documents on the following subjects: damage caused by members of the U.S. forces (1951–93), matters concerning Rheinlandkaserne (1961–93), assistance and support from U.S. troops (1958–88), German-American Friendship Week (1960–89), and American Christmas parties for German children. In addition, the Stadtarchiv holds the work reports of the German Labor Service unit formerly stationed at Rheinlandkaserne as well as a fairly complete run of the unit’s periodical, the “Dickhäuser-Zeitung.”
Frankfurt am Main

40. Deutsches Filminstitut-DIF

Schaumainkai 41
60596 Frankfurt am Main

Phone: (069) 961 220-0
Fax: (069) 62 00 60
E-mail: info@deutsches-filminstitut.de
Web site: www.deutsches-filminstitut.de
Business hours: 9:00 a.m.–5:00 p.m., Tues.–Thurs.; 9:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Fri.

The Deutsches Filminstitut (DIF) has been collecting films and film-related material in written or photographic form since its foundation in 1949. Being one of the most important German institutions for cinematic information and documentation, its services support film scholars and students as well as private and public inquiries. Beyond these tasks, the Filmarchiv of the Deutsches Filminstitut distributes films on a non-profit basis.

German film and paper material after 1945 is one of the focal points of the DIF’s collections which encompass feature films, documentaries, and newsreels as well as articles, newspaper clippings, brochures, files, photos, posters, and an extensive film studies library (in co-operation with the Deutsches Filmmuseum, Frankfurt).

The detached repository of the DIF is located in Wiesbaden. Address: Abt. Filmarchive Kreuzberger Ring 56, 65205 Wiesbaden; Phone: (0611) 97 000 10; Fax: (0611) 97 000 15. Initial contact, however, should be made through the Fankfurt main office.

41. Institut für Stadtgeschichte

Münzgasse 9
60311 Frankfurt am Main

Postal address: Stadtverwaltung (Amt 47), 60275 Frankfurt a.M.
Phone: (069) 212-37914
Fax: (069) 212-30753
E-mail: konrad.schneider@stadt-frankfurt.de
Web site: http://www.stadtgeschichte-ffm.de
Business hours:
8:30 a.m.–5:00 p.m., Mon.–Fri.;
10:00 a.m.–5:00 p.m. on weekends.

Frankfurt was one of the largest U.S. military communities in Germany with some thirty thousand servicemen and dependants prior to the troop reduction in the early 1990s. The garrison comprised both U.S. Army and U.S. Air Forces units. Main facilities included the Headquarters 5th U.S. Corps in the Abrams Building (the previous I. G. Farben-Haus), the Rhein-Main Airbase, the Drake, Edwards, McNair, Gibbs, Michael Bar- racks, and Camp Eschborn, as well as a large number of communication, depot, and quartermaster installations. Family members were housed in seven housing areas with suitable community facilities (Atterberry, Betts, Edwards, Gateway Gardens, Gibbs, Platenstrasse, and Von Steuben Family Housing) to name only the larger ones.

The Institut für Stadtgeschichte holds the records of the municipal authorities of the city of Frankfurt am Main and other relevant source material. The holdings include a considerable number of records pertaining to the U.S. military presence in the city originating primarily from the period of occupation. The more important are:

- Magistratsakten: documents on the U.S. military presence are to be found dispersed in a large number of these records;
- Militärregierung: includes some thirty files on the subjects Kriegsfolgeangelegenheiten (matters concerning the consequences of the war) and Besatzungsamt (occupation office);
- Fürsorgeamt: includes fifteen files on the subjects Kriegsfolgehilfen (assistance for victims of the war), displaced persons (DPs), and Besatzungsschäden (occupation damages);
- Besatzungsamt: includes some eighty files on the settlement of consequences of the American occupation (e.g. requisitioning) and on compensations for occupation damage;
- Stadtvermessungsamt: includes three files on U.S. housing areas;
- Revisionsamt: includes five files on occupation damage;
- Kulturamt: includes five files on cultural activities, 1945–49.

Moreover, the archive holds various collections of other source material, e.g. fifteen files of weekly reports of the Lord Mayor to the U.S. Military Government on the political situation in Frankfurt, ten files of reports of Frankfurt citizens on personal experiences with the American occupation, and a manuscript entitled “Thoughts of a German on the U.S. army of occupation.”

The collection of newspapers includes “Die Neue Zeitung” (1946–53) and an incomplete run of the “Occupation Chronicle” (1948–56).

Finding aids are available at the archive.
Friedberg

42. Stadtarchiv Friedberg

Augustinergasse 8
61169 Friedberg

Phone: (06031) 88216
Fax: (06031) 12468
E-mail: stadtarchiv@bibliothekszentrum-friedberg.de

Business hours: 1:00 p.m.–6:00 p.m. Mon., Tues., and Fri.;
9:30 a.m.–12:30 p.m. and 2:00 p.m.–7:00 p.m., Thurs.

Friedberg has been a battalion size U.S. Army garrison since 1945. The
troops are garrisoned in Ray Barracks and the families live in the nearby
McArthur Housing Area.

The Stadtarchiv’s holdings pertaining to the U.S. military presence in
the town comprise some thirty records covering the period 1945–73. Main
subjects addressed are: general correspondence of the municipal authori-
ties with the U.S. Military Government and occupation troops, occupa-
tion costs, requisitioning/de-requisitioning of buildings and furniture,
brawls, criminal acts and accidents involving members of the U.S. forces,
American discussion committee Giessen, German-American Advisory
Council, maneuvers of American troops, and construction projects of the
U.S. military forces. Moreover, the U.S. military presence in the town is
extensively reflected in the archive’s collection of local newspaper clippings.
Freiburg im Breisgau

43. Bundesarchiv-Militärarchiv

Wiesentalstrasse 10
79115 Freiburg

Postal address: Postfach, 79024 Freiburg
Phone: (0761) 47817-0
Fax: (0761) 47817-900
E-mail: militaerarchiv@barch.bund.de
Web site: http://www.bundesarchiv.de
Business hours: 8:00 a.m.–6:00 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.;
8:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Fri.

The Militärarchiv is a department of the Bundesarchiv (see Koblenz) and is responsible for safekeeping and administration of records and other source material of military provenance. For the period after 1945, these are in particular records of the Bundesministerium der Verteidigung (Federal Ministry of Defense, FMOD), and its subordinate agencies and commands of the Bundeswehr (Federal Armed Forces).

Records pertaining to the U.S. military presence in Germany may be found in particular in the following record groups:

- **Bestand BW 9**: Dienststellen zur Vorbereitung des westdeutschen Verteidigungsbeitrags (agencies working on preparations for the West German defense contribution), 1950–55. The group includes records of the forerunner of the FMOD, the “Amt Blank,” and on the close cooperation with the U.S. forces during these years (see also the finding aids below).

- **Bestand BW 1**: Bundesministerium der Verteidigung, since 1955. The records of the subgroups Abteilung Verwaltung und Recht (administrative and legal affairs division) and Abteilung Unterbringung, Liegenschafts- und Bauwesen (quartering, real estate, and construction division) include documentation on the legal aspects of troop stationing and the use of German infrastructure by U.S. troops. Hitherto the records are arranged and catalogued in parts only.

- **Bestand BW 2**: Führungsstab der Streitkräfte (Armed Forces Staff), since 1955. The records are arranged and catalogued until 1975 and finding aids are available at the archive. They reflect the close military cooperation with the U.S. military forces and address all aspects of the
cooperation, i.e. command and control, training, exercises, armament, infrastructure, burden sharing, exchange of personnel, and partnership initiatives and projects.

- Bestände BH 1, BL 1, BM 1: Führungsstäbe von Heer, Luftwaffe, Marine (Army Staff, Air Staff, Naval Staff) since 1955. Up to now only parts of the Army Staff records until 1975 are arranged. The contents are the same for the Armed Forces Staff.
- Record groups for subordinate commands and agencies, e.g. BW 4: Militärattachéstabe; BW 6: Streitkräfteamt; BH 25 Kommando Territoriale Verteidigung; BL 25: Dienststellen der Luftwaffe im Ausland; BL 6: Verbindungsstäbe und Offiziere (Luftwaffe); and BM 42: Verbindungsstäbe und Offiziere (Marine).

The Bundesarchiv-Militärarchiv also holds the personal papers of some 50 former high ranking civilian and military Bundeswehr members, who frequently address experience gained in the cooperation with the U.S. military. There are also several collections on military history, e.g. official Bundeswehr newspapers as well as circulars and periodicals of military tradition and veterans clubs and associations.

For general information and finding aids, see:

Limited finding aids, e.g. on the personal papers, are available online.

### 44. Erzbischöfliches Archiv Freiburg

Herrenstrasse 35
79098 Freiburg i. Br.

 Postal address: Postfach, 75095 Freiburg
Phone: (0761) 2188-262
E-mail: archiv@ordinariat-freiburg.de
Business hours: 9:00 a.m.–12:00 p.m., Mon.–Fri. or by appointment.

The Erzbischöfliches Archiv Freiburg is the principal repository of the Catholic archdiocese Freiburg. The archive’s holdings pertain primarily to the religious life and spiritual welfare work within the archdiocese. Moreover, Freiburg was located in the French Zone of Occupation. Nev-
ertheless, a number of the records touch on the U.S. military presence in parts of the diocese during the period of occupation.

Relevant documentation may be found in the record groups Erzbischöflches Ordinariat, Generalia, e.g. mediation of the church and reports of the deaneries on war events and the military occupation. Other documentation of interest may be found in the papers of the archbishops and in the record group Specialia, which includes e.g. reports of the parish priests in towns and regions where U.S. forces were garrisoned.
Fürth

45. Stadtarchiv und Stadtbibliothek

im Schloss Burgfarrnbach,
Schloßhof 12,
90768 Fürth

Phone: (0911) 975343
Fax: (0911) 97534511
E-mail: stadtarchiv.fuerth@odn.de
Opening hours: 8:00 a.m.–5:00 p.m., Mon.; 8:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Tue.–Thurs.; 8:00 a.m.–12:00 p.m., Fri.

Fürth was a U.S. Army garrison since 1945. The garrison’s strength prior to the troop reduction was some ten thousand service members and dependents. Main installations comprised Darby Kaserne, Johnson and Monteith Barracks, and Dambach and Kalb Housing Areas.

Presently, the Stadtarchiv holds only ten records regarding the occupation costs. Additional information on the matter under discussion is reflected in the Zeitgeschichtliche Sammlung (collection on contemporary history matters) of the archive under the entry Amerikaner. The collection consists mainly of newspaper cuttings and some other source material including a collection of photographs.
Gelnhausen

46. Stadtarchiv der Stadt Gelnhausen

Obermarkt-Augustaschule
63571 Gelnhausen

Phone: (06051) 830-252
Fax: (06051) 830-303
Business hours: 2:00 p.m.–4:30 p.m., Mon.; 2:00 p.m.–6:00 p.m., Thurs.

Gelnhausen in Hesse was a U.S. Army garrison from 1945 to 1991. Main facilities comprised the Bernbach Training and Storage Area, and the Coleman Barracks and Family Housing.

The Stadtarchiv Gelnhausen holds no official records but some other source material on the U.S. presence. The latter includes notes on high-ranking U.S. visitors in the town, e.g. the visit of then General Colin Powell, and a collection of newspaper cuttings on special events and incidents concerning the U.S. garrison, e.g. changes of command and criminal acts of U.S. soldiers.
Giebelstadt

47. Marktgemeinde Giebelstadt-Gemeindearchiv

(Archiv-und Heimatpfleger)
97232 Giebelstadt

Phone: (09334) 8080 or 80810
Fax: (09334) 80841
Business hours: By appointment only.

Giebelstadt has been a U.S. Army garrison since 1945 with the U.S. Army Airfield being the primary installation for military use and housing.

The Gemeindearchiv contains records of the Giebelstadt local authorities including those of formerly independent municipalities which are now incorporated into the Marktgemeinde. The holdings include records on the construction of the Giebelstadt U.S. Army Airfield and its economic significance and social impact on the Giebelstadt district. Several historical essays of students of the local high schools with topics pertaining to the U.S. military presence in the Giebelstadt district are also available in the archive.
The city of Giessen has been a large U.S. garrison since the end of the war. Prior to the troop reduction in the early 1990s the garrison’s strength was in the scale of some ten thousand servicemen and dependents. Main installations comprised Pendleton and Rivers Barracks, a large Quartermaster’s Depot, and the housing areas John F. Dulles Village and George C. Marshall Village.

To date, the Stadtarchiv holds some fifteen records regarding the U.S. forces and the German-American community relations in Giessen covering the period of occupation only. It is anticipated however, that additional records will be transferred to the archive now that the garrison is being closed and the discussion on the conversion of the facilities for civilian use has begun. Subjects dealt with in the records available include general correspondence with occupation authorities, requisitioning/derequisitioning of residential buildings, occupation costs, complaints about the conduct of the occupying power, military exercises of occupation troops, Christmas parties of American units for needy children, German-American youth club, and Amerika-Haus Giessen.

Limited on-line search for records produced after 1945 will soon be available.
Hamburg

49. Archiv des Hamburger Instituts für Sozialforschung
Mittelweg 36
20148 Hamburg

Phone: (040) 414097-0
Fax: (040) 414097-11
E-mail: Archiv@his-online.de
Web site: http://www.his-online.de/archiv/
Business hours: 9:00 a.m.–1:00 p.m., Tues. and Thurs. and by appointment.

The archive was founded in 1988 and collects source materials on contemporary history topics pertaining to the research field of the institute. The collections are primarily meant to support the institute’s staff, but they are also made available to scholarly researchers and the public on request.

The archive’s special collection on “Protest, Widerstand und Utopien in der BRD” (protest, resistance, and utopias in the FRG) is of particular interest for the topic under discussion. The substantial collection of primary source material includes newspapers, “grey literature,” leaflets, photographs, posters, and videos as well as records (or parts of them) of organizations, groups, and individual members of various protest movements, e.g. the peace movement. For details see the archive’s homepage.
Hanau

50. Stadt Hanau-Stadtarchiv

Schlossplatz 2
63450 Hanau

Postal address: Stadtverwaltung (Amt 41), Postfach 1852, 63408 Hanau
Phone: (06181) 295-918
Fax: (06181) 295-419
E-mail: Stadtbibliothek.Hanau@aranea.de
Web site: http://www.hanau.de/Stadt/index/htm
Business hours: 9:00 a.m.–12:00 p.m., Mon.–Fri. or by appointment.

Hanau was one of the large U.S. Army garrisons with a strength of some twenty thousand servicemen and dependants at times. The main installations comprised Fliegerhorst Airfield, Francois, Grossauheim, Hessen-Homburg, Pioneer, Wolfgang, and Yorkhof Kasernes and Housing Areas respectively, and the housing area Cardwell Village. There has been a steady reduction in the garrison since 1992.

So far only a few records of the town authorities referring to the U.S. military presence have been deposited in the Stadtarchiv. These cover mainly the period of occupation and deal with the requisitioning of real estate and maneuver damage. The bulk of the records pertaining to the American military presence is still withheld by the city offices.
Heidelberg

51. Stadtarchiv Heidelberg

Heiliggeiststrasse 12
69117 Heidelberg

Postal address: Postfach 10 55 20, 69045 Heidelberg
Phone: (06221) 58-1980
Fax: (06221) 58-4947
E-mail: stadtarchiv@heidelberg.de
Web site: http://www.rnd.de
Business hours: 8:00 a.m.–12:00 p.m., 2:00 p.m.–4:00 p.m., Tues.–Thurs.; 2:00 p.m.–6:00 p.m. on Thursdays with prior appointment.

Heidelberg has been a major U.S. garrison since 1945 due both to its size and its importance as location of the Headquarters U.S. Army, Europe (HQ USAREUR). Main facilities comprise Campbell and Patton Barracks, Nachrichtenkaserne, an Army airfield, Mark Twain Village and Patrick Henry Village with appropriate community facilities and a detached shopping center. Additional quarters, namely Thompson Barracks, are located in the nearby town of Schwetzingen. The Heidelberg Military Community has a strength of up to some twenty thousand servicemen and dependants.

The Stadtarchiv Heidelberg holds a considerable number of records pertaining to the U.S. military presence and the German-American community relations. The vast majority of the records cover the period of occupation and the years thereafter until the early 1960s. The minutes of the city council are a primary source among the holdings. Main subjects of other records are: contacts of the city administration with the U.S. Military Government (1946–53); requisitioning/de-requisitioning of German property (1949–59); construction projects of U.S. forces (1949–57); complaints and activities of the Interessengemeinschaft der Besatzungsgeschädigten (victims of the occupation group, 1949–53); German-American police cooperation (1946–52); local German-American relations, German Youth Activities (G.Y.A.), German-American clubs, German-American Friendship Week (1948–1960s); payments for the maintenance of illegitimate children of allied personnel (1946–62); and adoptions of German children by aliens (1928–62).

The Stadtarchiv also holds a photo collection, local newspapers, and other source material on the U.S. forces in the city.
Heilbronn

52. Stadtarchiv Heilbronn

Eichgasse 1
74072 Heilbronn

Postal address: Postfach 34 40, 74024 Heilbronn
Phone: (07131) 56-2980
Fax: (07131) 56-3195
E-mail: stadtarchiv@stadt-heilbronn.de
Web site: http://www.stadtarchiv-heilbronn.de
Business hours: 8:30 a.m.–12:00 p.m., Mon.–Fri;
2:00 p.m.–3:30 p.m., Mon.–Wed.;
2:00 p.m.–6:00 p.m., Thurs. or by appointment.

In the immediate postwar years, a large P.O.W camp of the U.S. forces was located in Heilbronn. Later, Heilbronn became a U.S. Army garrison. The Heilbronn Military Community consisted of U.S. garrisons in the city of Heilbronn, in Neckarsulm, and in Schwäbisch Hall (see there). Heilbronn maintained a U.S. Army garrison from 1951 to 1992. Main facilities were Wharton Barracks, Badenerhof Kaserne, a missile site at the Waldheide, and two housing areas. The Heilbronn Military Community comprised some ten thousand servicemen and dependants, of whom about five thousand lived in the town.

The Stadtarchiv contains the records of the city administration and other source material, a considerable number of which regards the U.S. military presence in the town and the region. Of particular interest is the record group Bestand B 67, Amt für Verteidigungslasten, which contains a broad documentation of requisitioning and requirements for real estate, services, and supplies for the U.S. forces since 1945, as well as of processing of damage caused by military maneuvers and traffic accidents. As the office’s area of responsibility was not restricted to Heilbronn, the Stadtarchiv also holds respective records for the U.S. garrison cities of Ludwigsburg, Schwäbisch-Hall, and Crailsheim. The Stadtarchiv’s holdings also include a number of records dealing with German-American community relations. These can be found under the subject indices German-American Advisory Council and those of the Amt für Öffentliche Ordnung (department for public order), Liegenschaftsamt (department
for real estate), Sozial- und Jugendamt (department for social security and youth welfare), and Verwaltungsregistratur (city administration’s central registry). A Zeitgeschichtliche Sammlung includes newspaper cuttings reflecting the U.S. military presence. Additionally, the Stadtarchiv holds a substantial collection of pamphlets and other material published by different groups of the peace movement on the stationing of the Pershing II missiles at Mutlangen in the early 1980’s in addition to records of the city administration dealing with this subject.
Herzogenaurach

53. Stadtarchiv Herzogenaurach
Marktplatz 11
91074 Herzogenaurach

Phone: (09132) 901-116
Fax: (09132) 901-119
E-mail: archiv@herzogenaurach.de
Business hours: The Stadtarchiv is accessible by appointment only.

The Herzogenaurach U.S. Army garrison existed from 1945 to 1992. Main installations comprised Herzo Base and the Herzogenaurach Family Housing. The garrison’s strength was some twelve hundred service members and dependents.

The holdings of the Stadtarchiv regarding the U.S. military presence in the town include a small number of records of the city administration on German-American community relations in the 1945–92 timeframe, the complete files produced by the German-American friendship club between 1969 and 1992, a collection of some five hundred photographs and newspaper cuttings as well as secondary literature on German-American activities in the town and on the U.S. Herzo Base.
Illesheim

54. Gemeinde Illesheim

Hauptstrasse 30
91471 Illesheim

Phone: (09841) 2310
Fax: (09841) 2294
E-mail: gde-illesheim@vr-web.de
Business hours: By appointment only.

The Illesheim U.S. garrison comprises a U.S. Army Airfield with Storck Barracks.

The depository of the local authority contains a number of records on the U.S. military presence in the district. As no full-time archivist is available, the records are not systematically catalogued but nevertheless accessible with the assistance of local officials. No details on the holdings are available, however.
Kaiserslautern

55. Stadtarchiv Kaiserslautern

Rathaus, Willi-Brandt-Platz 1
67653 Kaiserslautern

Postal address: Postfach 13 20, 67603 Kaiserslautern
Phone: (0631) 365-2493 or -4493 or -4041
Fax: (0631) 1417
E-mail: Amt41.31@Kaiserslautern.de
Business hours: 9:00 a.m.–12:00 p.m., Mon.–Fri.;
2:00 p.m.–4:00 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.

The Kaiserlautern Military Community (KMC) is the largest U.S. military community outside the United States with more than sixty thousand servicemen and dependants living in and around the city, incorporating major U.S. Air Force and Army organizations and installations. Main installations and facilities comprise Ramstein and Sembach Airbases, some ten Army and Air Force stations, barracks, and depots as well as a total of nine family housing areas in the city and the surrounding municipalities, e.g. Landstuhl, Miesau, Pirmansens, Ramstein, and Sembach.

The holdings of the Stadtarchiv Kaiserslautern comprise several record groups listed below that refer to the U.S. presence and the German-American community relations:

- Bestand Zeitgeschichtliche Sammlung (ZGD): includes material on the Amerika-Haus, 1952–70, 1992 as well as on the U.S. forces which covers the entire period from 1951/2 to the 1990s under the following subject
indices: I-Allgemeines (general matters); II-Personen (persons); III-Siedlungen/Wohnraum (housing/living space); IV-Wirtschaftsfaktor/Arbeitgeber (economic factor/employer); V-Verhältnis zur deutschen Bevölkerung (relationship with the German population); VI-Grossveranstaltungen (mass events); VII-Negative Aspekte (negative aspects); Zwischenfälle (incidents).
• There also is a photo collection containing photos of the occupation of Kaiserslautern in March 1945 as well as the U.S. forces in Kaiserslautern and Ramstein during the 1950s and 60s.
Karlsruhe

56. Generallandesarchiv Karlsruhe

Nördliche Hildapromenade 2
76133 Karlsruhe

Phone: (0721) 926-2206
Fax: (0721) 926-2231
E-mail: Generallandesarchiv@glaka.lad-bw.de
Web site: http://www.lad-bw.de/glak/index.htm
Business hours: 8:30 a.m.–4:30 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.; 8:30 a.m.–8:00 p.m., Fri.

The Generallandesarchiv is the central archive of the former state of Baden. After 1945, it became the principle repository for the administrative and judicial authorities of the administrative district of Nordbaden and Karlsruhe, respectively.

There are numerous files pertaining to the U.S. military presence in the region. Relevant record groups/entries are:

- Bestand 465c, Document Center: includes records on Military Government until 1948.
- Bestände 337–389, Bezirks- und Landratsämter: these holdings may include records on the U.S. military presence as far as they pertain to Bezirks- and Landratsämter located in Nordbaden. No details are available.
- Bestände 330–335, Polizeipräsidien und -direktionen: these records may include activities of U.S. forces involving the German police, e.g. military maneuvers, incidents with Gis, etc.
- Bestand 309, Staatsanwaltschaften (prosecuting attorney’s offices): may include case files on crimes committed by U.S. servicemen.
- Bestände 242–246, Landgerichte as well as Bestände 249–308, Amtsgerichte: may include case files on divorces of German-American marriages and adoptions of German children by Americans.
For general information and finding aids, see:


57. Stadtarchiv Karlsruhe

Markgrafenstrasse 29  
76133 Karlsruhe

**Phone:** (0721) 133-4225  
**Fax:** (0721) 133-4299  
**E-mail:** archiv@karlsruhe.de  
**Web site:** http://www.karlsruhe.de/Historie/archiv1.htm  
**Business hours:** 8:30 a.m.–3:30 p.m., Mon.–Wed.; 8:30 a.m.–6:00 p.m., Thurs. and by appointment on Fridays.

Karlsruhe was a large U.S. Army garrison from 1945 until 1995. Main facilities consisted of Smiley Barracks, Gerszewski Barracks, an Army airfield, and the housing area Paul Revere Village. Rheinkaserne in Knielingen, Rheinlandkaserne in Ettlingen (see also separate entry for Ettlingen) and a barracks in Neureut were part of the Karlsruhe Military Community which comprised some twelve thousand service members and dependants.

The Stadtarchiv Karlsruhe contains a considerable number of files pertaining to the U.S. military presence in the city district. Of relevance are the record groups:

- **Amt für Verteidigungslasten:** comprises records on maneuver notifications and maneuver damage (1953–88).
- **Hauptregistratur:** includes records on general correspondence of the city administration with U.S. occupation and military authorities (1952–65), on U.S. Army construction projects (1949–69), on requisitioning of residential buildings (1949–55), on local German-American
social events and relations (1957–68), and on complaints about measures or activities of the U.S. troops (1955–65).

- In addition, there is a Zeitgeschichtliche Sammlung that includes local newspaper cuttings and other source material on the U.S. garrison and the local German-American relations in Karlsruhe.

- For general information and finding aids, see Ernst Otto Bräunche et al., “Geschichte und Bestände des Stadtarchivs Karlsruhe,” i.e. Veröffentlichungen des Stadtarchivs Karlsruhe, Band 11 (Karlsruhe, 1990).
Kassel

58. Landeskirchliches Archiv Kassel

Lessingstrasse 15 A
34119 Kassel

Phone: (0561) 78876-0
Fax: (0561) 78876-11
E-mail: ekkw.archiv@t-online.de
Web site: http://www.ekkw.de/archiv
Business hours: 8:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Tues.–Thurs. Prior appointment requested.

The Landeskirchliches Archiv Kassel is the principal repository of the Protestant Church of Kurhessen-Waldeck. Its area of responsibility comprises the east part of Hesse and includes the towns of Kassel, Marburg, Bad Hersfeld, and Fulda. The archive’s holdings pertain primarily to the religious life and spiritual welfare work within its district. But as the U.S. military presence in this area was significant, a number of records address the topic under discussion.

Holdings are of different provenance and cover mainly the period of occupation. They include four files on various aspects of the Brethren Church Service Commission, nine files on military government/occupying power, and one file each on investigation of the Niederhessische Bibelgesellschaft, supervision of church property by the Military Government, Innere Mission (internal missionary work) under occupation, and American donations of clothes. Moreover, a large number of relevant records may be found in parish repositories which are not yet arranged. The archive also holds a large collection of microfilmed newspaper cuttings which most likely include a number of articles addressing the U.S. forces.
Kitzingen

59. Stadtarchiv Kitzingen
Landwehrstrasse 23
97318 Kitzingen

Phone: (09321) 927062
Fax: (09321) 20320
E-mail: archiv@stadt-kitzingen.de
Web site: http://www.stadt-kitzingen.de
Business hours: 9:00 a.m.–12:00 p.m. daily; 2:00 p.m.–4:00 p.m., Mon. and Fri. Prior appointment required.

The city of Kitzingen has been a U.S. army garrison since 1945. The main facilities of the garrison comprise Harvey Barracks, Larson Barracks and the housing area Marshall Heights.

To date, the Stadtarchiv contains only some fifteen files regarding the cooperation of the city administration with the U.S. Military Government and the U.S. High Commission covering the period of occupation until 1952. The files include a collection of military government announcements and directives, records on general correspondence and periodical reports of the city administration with U.S. occupation authorities, requisitioning and de-requisitioning of German properties, conduct of U.S. soldiers towards German citizens, and prostitution in connection with U.S. troops. Records for the later period are withheld by the city’s central registry but may be made accessible through the Stadtarchiv. These records include a moderate number of files referring to the activities of the German-American Advisory Council (1968–88), construction and use of roads and public utilities by the U.S. Army (1981–94), use of the city’s swimming pools by the U.S. army, and burdens of military training and exercises of U.S. troops as well as damage resulting from military maneuvers (1960–90).
Koblenz

60. Bundesarchiv

Potsdamer Strasse 1
56075 Koblenz

Phone: (0261) 505-0
Fax: (0261) 505-226
E-mail: koblenz@barch.bund.de
Web site: http://www.bundesarchiv.de
Business hours: 8:00 a.m.–7:00 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.;
8:00 a.m.–6:00 p.m., Fri. Prior written appointment is recommended.

The Bundesarchiv is the principal repository for official records of German central authorities in—as far as the topic under discussion is concerned—the Zones of Occupation (1945–49) and the Federal Republic of Germany (since 1949). The holdings incorporate records of military provenance, but these are deposited and arranged in an external branch of the Bundesarchiv located in Freiburg (see Freiburg, Bundesarchiv-Militärarchiv). The records of the German Foreign Office are deposited in a separate archive (see Berlin, Politisches Archiv des Auswärtigen Amtes).

Holdings of the Bundesarchiv pertaining to the American military presence in Germany are innumerable and cannot be listed in any detail. Therefore, the listing only provides record groups, which most likely contain relevant records in significant numbers and/or of specific importance. It should be noted that these records not only reflect German-American relations at the top level, but rather mirror problems in the German-American relations at the regional and local level as well.

Official records of governmental authorities:

• Bestand Z 1: Länderrat des amerikanischen Besatzungsgebietes, 1945–9;
• Bestand Z 4: Länderrat des Vereinigten Wirtschaftsgebietes, 1947–9;
• Bestand Z 12: Büro der Ministerpräsidenten des amerikanischen, britischen und französischen Besatzungsgebietes;
• Bestand Z 17: Frankfurter Pressekonferenz, 1948–9;
• Bestand Z 35: Deutsches Büro für Friedensfragen, 1947–50;
• Bestand B 102: Bundesministerium für Wirtschaft (e.g. repercussions of requisitioning on commerce and tourism);
• Bestand B 115: Bundesvermögensverwaltung (e.g. real estate in use of the occupation/stationing troops);
• Bestand B 126: Bundesminister der Finanzen, 1949 ff. (e.g. housing program for owners of requisitioned buildings, black market and tax income, and legal matters of German employees of the stationing forces);
• Bestand B 134: Bundesministerium für Raumordnung, Bauwesen und Städtebau (e.g. construction projects for the occupation/stationing forces);
• Bestand B 136: Bundeskanzleramt, 1949/50: of particular interest are the records of the Abteilung Verkehr mit der Alliierten Hohen Kommission/Büro Blankenhorn, which was later called Dienststelle für auswärtige Angelegenheiten and became the predecessor of the Auswärtiges Amt (Foreign Office); furthermore the records of the Zentrale für Heimatdienst/Büro Schwerin, 1950, and also the records of the Beauftragte des Bundeskanzlers für die Vermehrung der Alliierten Truppen zusammenhängenden Fragen/Amt Blank, the predecessor of the Bundesministerium der Verteidigung (Federal Ministry of Defense, FMOD);
• Bestand B 153 Bundesministerium für Familie und Jugend (e.g. moral hazards liable to corrupt the young emanating from GIs);
• Bestand B 306: Bundesbaudirektionen (e.g. construction projects for the occupation/stationing forces).

Records of nongovernmental organizations:
• Bestand B 120: Institut für Besatzungsfragen, 1948–60 (e.g. occupation law, occupation costs);
• Bestand B 172: Deutscher Landkreistag, 1947–76;
• Bestand B 190: Deutsche Stiftung für europäische Friedensfragen, 1963–73;
• Bestand B 300: Deutsch-Atlantische Gesellschaft e.V., 1950 and following years.

Private/personal papers: The Bundesarchiv holds hundreds of private/personal papers of leading politicians and public figures, many of which include references to the American occupation/military presence. No details are available. Names may be researched online.
Collections: Among the collections held by the Bundesarchiv the following may be of interest: Bestand Sg Y 27: Friedensbewegung in der Bundesrepublik Deutschland, 1951–64.

For general information and finding aids, see:

Friedrich Facius et al., Das Bundesarchiv und seine Bestände, 3rd ed. expanded and supplemented Gerhard Granier et. al. (Boppard, 1977).

Of the more than 90 finding aids on individual record groups published by the Bundesarchiv so far, the following are of interest for the topic under discussion:


61. Landeshauptarchiv Koblenz
Karmeliterstrasse 1/3
56068 Koblenz

Postal address: Postfach 20 10 47, 56010 Koblenz
Phone: (0261) 9129-0
Fax: (0261) 9129-112
E-mail: post@landeshauptarchiv.de
Web site: http://www.landeshauptarchiv.de
Business hours: 8:00 a.m.–6:00 p.m., Mon.–Wed.; 8:00 a.m.–8:00 p.m., Thurs.; 8:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Fri.

The Landeshauptarchiv Koblenz is the principal depository for records of the state government and top and upper level authorities of Rhineland-Palatinate. At the same time, it is the central depository for records of the medium and lower level federal and regional authorities in the previous
Regierungsbezirke Koblenz and Trier, as well as of municipal and other public authorities that do not maintain their own archives. The extensive holdings pertaining to the U.S. military presence and the German-American relations in the region are to be found in the following record groups:

- **Bestand 860, Staatskanzlei des Landes Rheinland-Pfalz**: includes records on maneuvers, public safety and order, prosecution of sexual crimes by GIs, partnership initiatives, hunting and fishing rights, and improvement of the situation of GIs and their families;
- **Bestand 880, Ministerium des Innern und für Sport**: includes files on maneuvers, relations between the German population and members of the U.S. forces, offenses of GIs against the civil population, military use of real estate, construction projects for housing, and firearms in private ownership;
- **Bestand 920, Ministerium der Finanzen**: includes administration of defense burdens;
- **Bestand 930, Ministerium für Soziales, Gesundheit und Umwelt**: includes records on moral hazards ensuing from American soldiers;
- **Bestand 950, Ministerium für Wirtschaft und Verkehr**: contains records on highway code for U.S. forces, services of public utilities, and supervision of price laws for large-scale construction projects of U.S. military authorities;
- **Bestand 459, Kreisverwaltung Bitburg-Prüm**: includes material on partnership initiatives;
- **Bestand 504, Landratsamt Birkenfeld**: includes records on land requirements for military use, military planning, housing projects, partnership initiatives, and hearings of the Kreis legal committee on expulsion orders and prohibitions from staying in the country.

For general information and finding aids, see Beate Dorfey, ed., “Die Bestände des Landeshauptarchivs Koblenz-Gesamtverzeichnis,” i.e. *Veröffentlichungen der Landesarchivverwaltung Rheinland-Pfalz*, Bd. 81 (Koblenz, 1999).
Kornwestheim

62. Stadtverwaltung-Stadtarchiv

Jakob-Sigle-Platz 1
70806 Kornwestheim

Phone: (07154) 202-326
Fax: (08154) 202-222
E-mail: office@kornwestheim.de
Business hours: By appointment only.

Kornwestheim was a U.S. Army garrison from 1945 until 1993 consisting of the main facilities Wilkin Barracks, Ludendorffkaserne, and the Pattonville Housing Area. Together with the U.S. Army garrison in Ludwigsburg (see there), the Kornwestheim garrison formed the Ludwigsburg-Kornwestheim Military Subcommunity prior to reduction.

The Stadtarchiv holds a considerable number of records pertaining to the U.S. forces which can be found primarily under the record groups Besatzungsmacht and US-Streitkräfte. Subject indices refer to such topics as internment camps, actions, and orders of the occupying power (1945–9, 1955), charity activities (1940s and 50s), occupation costs, traffic accidents, criminal acts of GIs, U.S. housing areas, German-American friendship week, open door days, activities on the 4th of July, etc., U.S. support for public purposes, German-American Advisory Council, and troop withdrawal and termination of the garrison.
Landshut

63. Staatsarchiv Landshut

Burg Trausnitz
84036 Landshut

Phone: (0871) 92328-0
Fax: (0871) 923288
Web site: http://www.gda.bayern.de
Business hours: 8:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.;
8:00 a.m.–1:30 p.m., Fri.

The Staatsarchiv Landshut contains the records of medium and lower level administrative and judicial authorities of the Bavarian Regierungsbezirk Niederbayern. However, as the two Regierungsbezirke Oberbayern and Oberpfalz were merged between 1932–48/56, there are no records for medium level authorities deposited in the Staatsarchiv Landshut for this period. Instead records regarding the medium level are to be found in the Staatsarchiv Amberg (see there).

Some one hundred and twenty records of various Bezirksämter/Landratsämter of Niederbayern pertaining to the U.S. military presence in the region can be determined by electronic processing, which is possible for about two thirds of the relevant holdings up to now. The vast majority of these records dates from the period of occupation until the early 1950s, in some cases until 1955/6, and occasionally into the 1960s. The records of the following Bezirksämter/Landratsämter include relevant files and documents: Bogen, Deggendorf, Eggenfelden, Griesbach, Kelheim, Kötzing, Landshut, Mainburg, Mallersdorf, Passau, Pfarrkirchen, Regen, Rottenburg, Viechtach, Vilshofen Wegscheid, and Wolfstein. The records are too numerous to be listed in any detail. They include collections of orders and announcements of the U.S. Military Government as well as regulations and circulars of German authorities on channels of communication with occupation authorities, general correspondence of various Bezirksämter/Landratsämter with the U.S. Military Government, numerous cases of requisitioning/de-requisitioning of privately owned properties of different kinds as well as claims of compensation for occupation damage, documentation on the application and control of hunting and fishing privileges for occupation personnel, weekly and monthly reports to the Military Government, files on various matters in conjunction with German employees of the U.S. forces, and on
the registration and maintenance of war graves of allied soldiers and civilians. The Staatsarchiv also holds microfiche copies of the records of the Office of Military Government for Bavaria (OMGBY) referring to Niederbayern held at the National Archives at College Park, MD. For the later period, there are some records to be found in the following record groups:

- Bezirks-/Landratsamt Griesbach (Rep. 164/6, Nr. 3784): regards military maneuvers and maneuver damage caused by U.S. (and other) troops, 1951–68;
- Bezirks-/Landratsamt Passau (Rp. 164/13, Nr. 11532): fishing rights for members of the occupying powers, individual cases, 1945–66;

Additional records on the later period may be found in the records not yet electronically catalogued.

For general information and finding aids, see “Das Staatsarchiv Landshut,” i.e. *Kurzführer der Staatlichen Archive Bayerns 6* (München, 1979).

64. Stadtarchiv Landshut

Bachstrasse 51 a
84036 Landshut

Postal Address: Stadt Landshut, Stadtarchiv, 84026 Landshut

Phone: (0871) 43364

Fax: (0871) 9454934

E-mail: stadtarchiv@landshut.de

Business hours: 8:00 a.m.–12:00 p.m., Mon.–Fri.;
2:00 p.m.–4:00 p.m. Mon.–Thurs.

Landshut was a U.S. garrison during the period of occupation until 1952 only.

The Stadtarchiv holds some records on occupation costs and requisitioning/de-requisitioning in the town. Moreover, the local German-American relations are well reflected in the local newspapers, “Isarpost” (since 1946) and “Landshuter Zeitung” (since 1949), of which the Stadtarchiv holds microfiche copies. Also available is secondary literature on the U.S. military presence in the town.
Leipheim

65. Stadtverwaltung Leipheim -Archiv-

Postfach 1140
89336 Leipheim

Phone: (08221) 70721
Fax: (08221) 70790
E-mail: stadtverwaltung@stadt-leipheim.de
Web site: http://www.leipheim.de
Business hours: By appointment only.

Leipheim was a U.S. Army garrison between 1945 and 1959, the primary
installation of which was Leipheim airbase. The base was then taken over
by the German Air Force, but U.S. Air Force units continued to use the
airbase as a forward operating base until 1994.

The Leipheim city administration’s archive holds a moderate number
of records covering mainly the period of occupation. The holdings in-
clude general correspondence regarding the U.S. garrison in the town,
requisitioning/de-requisitioning of real estate and facilities by the U.S.
occupation forces, entitlement to compensation of the city and private
persons for requisitioning, and exercises and maneuvers of U.S. troops in
the municipal district.
Ludwigsburg

66. Staatsarchiv Ludwigsburg

Arsenalplatz 3
71638 Ludwigsburg

Phone: (07141) 18 6327
Fax: (07141) 18 6311
E-Mail: info@stal.lad-bw.de
Web site: http://www.lad-bw.de/stal.htm
Business hours: 11:00 a.m.–4:30 p.m., Mon., 8:30 a.m.–4:30 p.m., Tues., Wed. and Fri., 8:30 a.m.–6:30 p.m., Thurs.

The Staatsarchiv Ludwigsburg is the principal repository for the Regierungsbezirk Stuttgart. It contains the records of middle and lower level administrative and judicial authorities located in the district with the exception of records of the state government of Baden-Württemberg, which are held by the Hauptstaatsarchiv Stuttgart (see there).

The following holdings of the Staatsarchiv seem of particular interest with regard to the U.S. military presence in the region:

- **Bestand PL 530, US-Militärregierung Württemberg-Baden (OMGWB), Denazification Control Division**: the record group includes occasional records of the division from the years 1945–48, which were left behind in Germany. The records are mostly registration forms of persons not required to go through a formal denazification process;
- **Bestand PL 53, US-Militärregierung, Special Branches**: includes occasional records of OMGWB special branches established at the Kreis level. They mostly contain files on persons employed in the health services or applying for jobs;
- **Bestand EL 20/1, Regierungspräsidium Stuttgart, Abteilung Allgemeine und Innere Verwaltung**: of interest are subgroups II.2.2 Besatzungsangelegenheiten (occupation matters), IV.2.2 Rechtsstreitigkeiten mit der Besatzungsmacht wegen Truppenschäden (legal issues with the occupation powers about damage caused by the troops), and IV.3.1 Besatzungsschäden (occupation damage);
- **Bestand FL 20/1-FL 20/19, Landratsämter**: the group includes occasional records of various Landratsämter on occupation matters.
For general information and finding aids, see “Staatsarchiv Ludwigsburg: Gesamtübersicht der Bestände, Kurzfassung, Stand: 1. Januar 1995,” i.e. *Werkhefte der Staatlichen Archivverwaltung Baden-Württemberg*, Serie C, Staatsarchiv Ludwigsburg, Heft 1 (Stuttgart, 1996). A summary of the Staatsarchiv’s holdings is also available online, including information on relevant finding aids.

67. Stadtarchiv Ludwigsburg
Kaiser Strasse 14
71636 Ludwigsburg

**Postal address**: Postfach 249, 71602 Ludwigsburg

**Phone**: (07141) 910-2412

**Fax**: (07141) 910-2342

**E-mail**: kultur@stadt.ludwigsburg.de

**Web site**: http://www.ludwigsburg.de

**Business hours**: 8:00 a.m.–12:00 p.m., Mon.–Fri.;
2:00 p.m.–6:00 p.m., Thurs.

Ludwigsburg was a large U.S. Army garrison from 1945 until 1993. Main facilities consisted of Coffey-Barracks, Krabbenlochkaserne, Flakkaserne, and a housing area. Together with the Kornwestheim garrison (see Kornwestheim) and other installations in the area, the Ludwigsburg garrison formed the Ludwigsburg-Kornwestheim Military Sub-Community with some ten thousand service members and dependants.

The Stadtarchiv Ludwigsburg holds a substantial quantity of records on the U.S. military presence in the district. Record groups of prime interest are

- Handakten des Oberbürgermeisters (reference files of the mayor);
- Liegenschaftsam (real estate office);
- Rechts- und Wohnungsamt (legal and housing office);
- Amt für Öffentliche Ordnung (office for public order);
- Flüchtlingsamt (refugee office);
- Gemeinderatsprotokolle (minutes of the city council’s meetings).

Further relevant holdings can be found under Sonderbestände (special holdings), which include documentation on the Freundeskreis ehemaliger Internierter (circle of former internees) and microfiche copies of OMGUS records referring to the Ludwigsburg district held at the National Archives in College Park, MD. Moreover, the archive has collections of newspaper cuttings and photographs as well as official gazettes and local newspapers pertaining to U.S. forces and related topics.
Ludwigshafen

68. Stadtarchiv Ludwigshafen

Rottstrasse 17
67061 Ludwigshafen

Postal address: Postfach 21 12 25, 67012 Ludwigshafen
Phone: (0621) 504-3047
Fax: (0621) 504-2433
Web site: http://www.ludwigshafen.de
Business hours: 8:30 a.m.–12:00 p.m., Mon.–Fri.;
1:30 p.m.–4:00 p.m., Mon.–Wed.;
1:30 p.m.–6:00 p.m., Thurs.

The city of Ludwigshafen was occupied by U.S. troops in March 1945. The American occupation lasted only until July that year, when Ludwigshafen became part of the French Zone of Occupation, and no American troops were garrisoned in the city thereafter.

Despite the short U.S. military presence in the city, the Stadtarchiv Ludwigshafen holds a considerable amount of source material of particular interest regarding the topic under discussion. The holdings include the following record entries:

- Ludwigshafen nach 1945 (LUN): includes periodical reports of the municipal authorities to the U.S. Military Government, correspondence and documents of the requisitioning administration, correspondence and meetings of the Oberbürgermeister with U.S. Military Government officials, and police reports on incidents with GIs.
- Protokollabteilung II (PR II): minutes of a citizens’ committee set up by the U.S. Military Government.

Moreover, the Stadtarchiv holds collections of reports of eyewitnesses on the occupation of the city and on the Rheinwiesen Camp for German prisoners of war (POW), as well as posters and photographs and a documentary film on the American occupation.
The Stadtarchiv also contains material on the history of the Giulini and Benickser companies during the period of the American occupation and the personal papers of Friedrich Wilhelm Wagner, attorney at the Nuremberg Trials for the defense of the director of the Ludwigshafen I.G.Farben Carl Wurster and of Herbert Müller, party leader of the Palatinate Communist Party.

For general information and finding aids, see Stefan Mörz, Das Gedächtnis der Stadt: Das Stadtarchiv Ludwigshafen am Rhein und seine Bestände (Ludwigshafen, 1997).
Mainz

69. Interdisziplinärer Arbeitskreis für Nordamerikastudien (IANAS)
Johannes Gutenberg Universität
55099 Mainz

Phone: (06131) 392-2357
Fax: (06131) 392-5100
E-mail: wherget@mail.uni-mainz.de
Business hours: By appointment only.

The IANAS is an interdisciplinary working group on North America studies of the Mainz university chaired by Professor Dr. Winfried Herget. In the first half of the 1990s, the working group has done thorough research on the U.S. military presence in Rhineland-Palatinate since 1945. The results are reflected in several working papers and books listed in the bibliography of this volume.

As the IANAS is no permanent institution, there is no regular archive established. The research material produced by the IANAS includes some 70 video-recorded oral history interviews with German employees of the U.S. forces and a number of historical studies and working papers. These are deposited at the Philosophicum of Mainz University. The material can be made accessible on request.

70. Stadtarchiv Mainz
Rheinallee 3 B
55116 Mainz

Phone: (06131) 12-3457
Fax: (06131) 12-3569
E-mail: stadtarchiv@stadt.mainz.de
Web site: http://www.mainz.de/kultur/stadtarchiv
Business hours: 9:00 a.m.–6:00 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.; 9:00 a.m.–12:30 p.m., Fri. and Sat.

Mainz was an important U.S. Army garrison from 1951 until 1992 with some nine thousand service members and dependants. Main installations comprised Dragoner Kaserne, Lee Barracks, Mainz Ordnance Depot,
Finthen Army Airfield, and the residential areas Dr. Martin Luther King Village, and Clark, Finthen and Sandflora Family Housing.

The Stadtarchiv Mainz holds only a few records pertaining to the U.S. military presence in the city. These are to be found under the entry of the Gonsemheim district, where Lee Barracks were located (Bestand VOA 08). Other documents may be found interfiled in records of various offices of the municipal authorities. Source material on the topic under discussion is primarily available in the form of relevant newspaper articles of the local press, which are recorded in a chronicle worked out by the Stadtarchiv and can be easily researched through a subject index.
Mannheim

71. Stadtarchiv Mannheim

Collini-Center
Postfach 100035
68133 Mannheim

Phone: (0621) 2930
Fax: (0621) 293-7476
E-mail: stadtarchiv@mannheim.de
Web site: http://www.mannheim.de/internetrathaus/stadtarchiv
Business hours: 9:00 a.m.–12:00 p.m., 1:00 p.m.–4:00 p.m., Tues. and Thurs.

Mannheim houses a large U.S. garrison since 1945 comprising seven barracks complexes (Coleman, Funary, Hammond, Spinelli, Sullivan, Taylor, and Turley Barracks) and several housing areas. The strength of the Mannheim Military Community is in the scale of some ten thousand soldiers and dependants.

The Stadtarchiv Mannheim holds a large number of records pertaining to the U.S. military presence in the city originating from the various offices of the city administration and city district offices. The major part of the records dates from the period of occupation and concerns in particular general occupation matters, correspondence with the U.S. Military Government and other occupation authorities, de-nazification, reconstruction and infrastructure in the American Zone of Occupation, occupation damages and costs, and public services and utilities for the occupation troops. For the later period, the records of the Amt für Verteidigungslasten (office for defense burdens) and the Hauptamt/Hauptregistratur (city administration’s central office) are of particular relevance. The former deal with administration, personnel, and stationing costs for U.S./NATO troops in the city and cover the period 1946–88; the latter deal with different aspects of social relations between Mannheim’s citizens and U.S. troops, e.g. German-American clubs and study groups, German-American Friendship Week (1965–8), German-American Advisory Council (1964–83), American charity activities, and damage caused by U.S. troops.

Some records of other city offices are likewise relevant, e.g., those of the Rechtsamt (legal office) dealing with U.S. barracks in the city, and the
records of the Sport- und Bäderamt (sports office) including German-American sports activities 1957–69. Moreover, there are references to the U.S. military presence in personal papers and memoirs of Mannheim citizens as well as in other special collections held by the Stadtarchiv, e.g. on the U.S. Military Government, the postwar history of Mannheim, and reports by the U.S. Military Police (M.P.) from 1945. The Stadtarchiv Mannheim also has an extensive collection of newspaper articles referring to U.S. forces and local German-American relations. It also holds a collection of posters and leaflets, the majority of which originates after 1945 and refers to the Marshall Plan, the Cold War, and joint German-American cultural projects.
Marburg

72. Hessisches Staatsarchiv Marburg

Friedrichsplatz 15
35037 Marburg

Postal address: Postfach 540, 35017 Marburg
Phone: (06421) 9250-0
Fax: (06421) 161125
E-mail: poststelle@stama.hessen.de
Web site: http://www.staatsarchiv-marburg.hessen.de
Business hours: 8:30 a.m.–7:00 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.;
8:30 a.m.–1:30 p.m., Fri.

The Hessisches Staatsarchiv Marburg serves as the central repository for records of the Hessian Regierungsbezirk Kassel. Holdings include records of the office of the Regierungspräsident and of subordinate administrative and judicial authorities. The archive also contains records of middle and lower level federal authorities located in the region.

For the period of occupation most of the relevant records are to be found under the record groups:

- Bestand 401, Regierungspräsidium Kassel after 1945: no details are available as the records pertaining to the U.S. military presence are interfiled with records on different subjects;
- Bestand 180, various Landratsämter: relevant records are to be found under the subject indices Militär, Entnazifizierung and Politische Zensur of the Landratsämter Eschwege, Frankenberg, Fritzlar, Fulda, Hersfeld, Hofgeismar, Hünfeld, Marburg, Rotenburg an der Fulda, and Ziegenhain. The same applies to holdings of the Stadtarchive Borken, Marburg, Neukirchen, and Rotenburg an der Fulda;
- Bestand M 144, Staatsarchiv Marburg als Art Collecting Point 1945–6.

Moreover, pertinent documents and correspondence are to be found in the collection of personal papers, especially in those of archive director, Johannes Papritz, and Pastor Karl Bernhard Ritter. As only minor U.S. military installations were located in the archive’s area of responsibility after the period of occupation, the archive holds only a few records referring to the American military in later years. These deal primarily with maneuvers of American troops in the region.
73. Stadtarchiv Marburg

Barfüßerstrasse 50
35037 Marburg

Postal address: Der Magistrat, 35035 Marburg
Phone: (06421) 201-499
Fax: (06421) 201-300
E-mail: stadtarchiv@marburg-stadt.de
Web site: http://www.marburg.de
Business hours: 8:30 a.m.–12:30 p.m., Mon., Wed., and Fri.;
3:00 p.m.–6:00 p.m., Thurs.

Marburg was a U.S. garrison in the period of occupation only. However, the U.S. occupation regime in Marburg and the presence of American troops in the city in the years 1945–51 is well documented. The records of the municipal authorities of Marburg pertaining to the American occupation are partly deposited in the Hessisches Staatsarchiv Marburg (see there; details are to be found in the finding aids below). Another part of some fifty records (Bestand D) is still kept in the Stadtarchiv and is accessible by a card index.

For general information and finding aids, see:
München

74. Archiv des Erzbistums

München und Freising
Karmeliterstrasse 1
80333 München

Postal address: Postfach 330360, 80063 München
Phone: (089) 2137-1346
Fax: (089) 2137-1702
E-mail: Archiv@ordinariat-muenchen.de
Web site: http://www.erzbistum-muenchen.de/doezesanarchiv
Business hours: 9:00 a.m.–4:30 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.;
9:00 a.m.–2:00 p.m., Fri.

The Archiv des Erzbistums is the ecclesiastical repository of the Catholic archdiocese München and Freising. As such, the holdings primarily pertain to the religious life and spiritual welfare work within the archdiocese.

Some of the records contained in the archive touch on the American occupation of Bavaria, e.g. reports of parish priests on the invasion and on the situation of spiritual welfare in the first phase of occupation. Moreover, the archives hold the papers of cardinal Michael von Faulhaber, which include documentation on his relationship with U.S. occupation authorities 1945–51. There are also a few records on support for pastoral work of the chaplain service in the U.S. Army and the German Labor Service.

75. Archiv für Christlich-Soziale Politik (ACSP)

der Hanns-Seidel-Stiftung
Lazarettstrasse 33
80636 München

Phone: (089) 1258-279 or 318
Fax: (089) 1258-469
E-mail: hoepfung@hss.de
Web site: http://www.hss.de

Business hours: 8:30 a.m.–4:30 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.;
8:30 a.m.–12:00 p.m., Fri.

The ACSP is the principal repository for archival material of the Christlich-Soziale Union (CSU).

Holdings with regard to the U.S. military presence, some fifty records, almost exclusively deal with the licensing of political activities by U.S. occupation authorities in the postwar years. Respective records are to be found under the entries of the party executive, the Landtagsfraktion, the Kreisvorstände Coburg and Forchheim, and in the papers of Josef Müller, Bavarian minister of justice, 1947–52, and Franz Elsen, director of the Bavarian State Bank, 1945–71. The records of the party executive, the Landtagsfraktion, and the Josef Müller papers are accessible with special authorization only.

For general information and finding aids, see Archiv für Christlich-Soziale Politik (ACSP): Verzeichnis der Bestände (München, 1998).

76. Bayerisches Hauptstaatsarchiv

Schönfeldstrasse 5
80539 München

Postal address: Postfach 22 11 52, 80501 München
Phone: (098) 28638-2596
Fax: (098) 28638-2954
E-mail: poststelle@bayhsta.bayern.de
Web site: http://www.gda.bayern.de

Business hours: 8:30 a.m.–4:00 p.m. Mon.–Thurs. (The main
reading room is open until 6:30 p.m.)
8:30 a.m.–13:30 p.m., Fri.

The Bayerisches Hauptstaatsarchiv is the principal repository for records of the Landesregierung des Freistaats Bayern (State Government of Bavaria) and its predecessors as well as of other Bavarian administrative and judicial authorities with a central responsibility.
There are a number of entries in various record groups referring to the topic under discussion. These are:

- **Staatskanzlei**, in particular 14941–15171, contains records on relations with the Office of Military Government for Bavaria (OMGBY), the U.S. Land Commissioner, the American Consulate General, U.S. troop commanders in Bavaria as well as records on occupation law, financing of U.S. troops, housing of American soldiers and their dependants, requisitioning/de-requisitioning, building and land requirements of U.S. forces, maneuvers, and GI incidents;
- **Staatsministerium des Innern**, in particular 80206–9, 81093–4, 91950–68, deal with public safety in conjunction with U.S. troops, GI incidents, and sexual relations of Germans and Americans;
- **Staatsministerium für Wirtschaft und Verkehr**, especially 11594–9, 12042–68, 22413–82, 23672–929, include records on occupation law and costs, military structural planning, requisitioning/de-requisitioning, economic needs, and housing and land requirements of the U.S. military forces, etc.

Additional documentation can be found in the personal papers of Bavarian public figures held by the Hauptstaatsarchiv. Of special interest are:

- **Nachlass Dr. Hans Ehard**, Ministerpräsident von Bayern (Prime Minister of Bavaria) 1946–54 and 1960–2, especially numbers 1157 and 1451–57 with fragments on the occupation statute and on relations between the Bavarian government and U.S. military officers;
- **Nachlass Dr. Anton Pfeiffer**, director of the Bayerische Staatskanzlei (State Chancellery of Bavaria) 1946–50, in particular numbers 36–7 and 275 also with fragments on the occupation statute.

Moreover, under the entries Office of Military Government for Bavaria (OMGBY), OMGUS Control Office, Office of the Chief of Military History, and Land Commissioner for Bavaria, the Hauptstaatsarchiv holds additional records, mostly microfilm copies of the OMGUS records from the National Archives at College Park, MD.

For general information and/or finding aids, see:


77. Institut für Zeitgeschichte

Archiv und Bibliothek
Leonrodstrasse 46 b
80636 München

Phone: (089) 126880 and 12688-113
Fax: (089) 1231727
Web site: http://www.ifz-muenchen.de
Business hours: 8:30 a.m.–4:30 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.;
8:30 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Fri.

The Institut für Zeitgeschichte (Institute for Contemporary History) is a national research institution having the legal status of a publicly endowed foundation. One of its extensions, which was established in 1990, focuses its research on German international policy of the 1950s and 1960s.

The Institute's specialized library contains more than 165,000 volumes. Its archives store unpublished works by politicians, scholars, and journalists, records of political parties and private associations, as well as an extensive collection of printed media consisting of government documents, newspapers, press releases, and leaflets including "grey literature." Transcripts of the records of the American Office of Military Government for Germany (OMGUS) on microfiche can also be found in the Institute's archives.

The following personal papers in particular may contain material on German-American relations including the U.S. military (years indicate the time period covered by the papers):

- Adolf von Bombard, police general, 1919–72;
- Leo Geyr von Schweppenburg, general, 1933–68;
- Maurice J. Goldbloom, executive secretary of the American Association for a Democratic Germany (AADG);
- Hildegard Hamm-Brücher, politician, 1946–98; Klaus-Dieter Henke, historian, 1944–7;
- Bernd C. Hesslein, journalist, 1943–94;
- Wilhelm Hoegner, Bavarian Prime Minister, 1933–71;
- Marcia Kahn, journalist, 1943–82;
- Walter Kreutz, 1947–8;
- Herbert Kuntze, writer, 1946–50 and 1960–5;
- Horst Mauer, Verband der Kriegsdienstverweigerer (association of conscientious objectors);
• Erika Müller-Hitzler, politician, 1947–51;
• Walter Müller, major general, 1945–9;
• Karl-Otto Paetel, publicist, 1941–69;
• Klaus von Schubert, political scientist, 1954–89.

Most of the holdings are accessible by a general catalogue that consists of subject and name indices. There are specific finding aids for most of the papers. An annotated list of the papers is available online as well as a catalogue of the OMGUS records and an alphabetical press index.

78. Staatsarchiv München

Schoenfeldstrasse 3
80539 München

Postal address: Staatsarchiv München, Postfach 22 11 52, 80501 München
Phone: (089) 28638-2524 or 2525
Fax: (089) 28638-2526
E-mail: poststelle@stam.bayern.de
Web site: http://www.gda.bayern.de

Business hours: 8:30 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Mon.–Thurs. (The reading room is open until 6:00 p.m.); 8:30 a.m.–13:30 p.m., Fri.

The Staatsarchiv München contains records of middle and lower level administrative and judicial authorities of the Bavarian Regierungsbezirk Oberbayern.

A moderate number of the holdings refer to the U.S. military presence in the region. They can be found under the following record groups:
• Finanzbaumaeter: records referring to construction projects of the U.S. forces in the region since the 1950s;
• Amt fuer Verteidigungslasten München: records on maneuver damage since 1954/5;
• Landratsamter: records include monthly reports of the Landräte to the U.S. Military Government, documentation on stationing of U.S. troops and taking over of barracks, mainly but not exclusively in the period of occupation.

In addition, there are police reports from the Munich police department as well as other records regarding the U.S. military occupation of the city and the region.
For general information and finding aids, see:

*Archive in München*, ed. Stadtarchiv München in conjunction with Bayerisches Hauptstaatsarchiv (München, 1996), 9–12.

“Staatsarchiv München,” i.e. *Kurzführer der Staatlichen Archive Bayerns* 7 (München, 1979).

79. Stadtarchiv München

Winzerstrasse 68
80797 München

**Phone:** (089) 233-30804
**Fax:** (089) 233-30830
**E-mail:** stadtarchiv@muenchen.de
**Web site:** http://www.muenchen.de/mhb/index_s.html
**Business hours:**
8:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Mon., Tues. and Thurs.;
4:00 p.m.–7:00 p.m., Tues., Thurs.;
8:00 a.m.–12:00 p.m., Wed., Fri.

The city of Munich has hosted a large U.S. garrison since the end of World War II including several barracks and housing areas.

The Stadtarchiv München holds a large number of records pertaining to the U.S. military presence in the city and German-American community relations. Pertinent finding aids are available at the archive.
Mutlangen

80. Mutlangen-Archiv

Pressehütte, Forststrasse 3
73527 Mutlangen

Phone: (07171) 75661
E-mail: post@pressehuette.de
Web site: http://www.pressehuette.de
Business hours: See website homepage.

The Pressehütte (press hut) Mutlangen was the starting point for many blockades against the stationing of Pershing II missiles near the village of Mutlangen in the 1980s. The Pressehütte is being maintained by the Friedens- und Begegnungsstätte (peace and meeting place) Mutlangen and the Friedenswerkstatt (peace workshop) Mutlangen and organizes seminars, workshops, and other activities of the peace movement. It also serves as a contact point for the global network against weapons and nuclear power in space. In addition, there are plans to set up a museum of the peace movement in the Pressehütte.

Presently, the Mutlangen-Archiv consists of a significant but not yet arranged collection of subject files, circulars, publications, posters, and other source material reflecting the activities of the peace movement in Mutlangen in the years 1982 until 1995. The collection amounts to some twenty large boxes and is continuously being completed.

Note: For material on Mutlangen, see also the entries of Stadtarchiv Heilbronn and Stadtarchiv Schwäbisch Gmünd.
Neckarsulm

81. Stadtarchiv Neckarsulm

Binswanger Strasse 3
74172 Neckarsulm

Phone: (07132) 35-331
Fax: (07132) 35-364
E-mail: barbara.loeslein@neckarsulm.de
Business hours: By appointment only.

The Neckarsulm U.S. Army garrison was a part of the Heilbronn Military Community (see there) and housed a battalion size unit in the Artillery Kaserne between 1951 and 1993.

The Stadtarchiv holds a small number of records with references to different aspects of the U.S. military presence in the town, in particular on the infrastructure/barracks used by the U.S. Army. Additional records are still retained in the central registry of the city administration. Other source material of the Stadtarchiv regarding the U.S. forces and German-American community relations includes the minutes of the city council meetings, local newspapers, and a Zeitgeschichtliche Sammlung.
Neu-Ulm

82. Stadtarchiv Neu-Ulm

Augsburger Strasse 15
89210 Neu-Ulm

Postal address: Stadtarchiv Neu-Ulm, Postfach 2040,
89210 Neu-Ulm

Phone: (0731) 7050-119
Fax: (0731) 7050-191
E-mail: stadtarchiv@stadt.neu-ulm.de

Business hours: 8:00 a.m.–12:00 p.m. and 1:30 p.m.–4:00 p.m.,
Mon.–Wed.; 8:00 a.m.–12:00 p.m. and
1:30 p.m.–6:00 p.m., Thurs.; 8:00 a.m.–1:00 p.m.,
Fri.

Neu-Ulm hosted a U.S. army garrison from 1951 to 1991 which included several training areas and barracks. The military personnel and the dependants were quartered in Wiley Barracks, Nelson Barracks, and Vorfeld Family Housing.

The Stadtarchiv Neu-Ulm holds some forty records, a photo collection, and a collection of local newspaper cuttings reflecting the U.S. military presence and German-American community relations over the entire period, except for the collection of newspaper cuttings which was started only in 1983. For the period of occupation (fifteen files), subjects comprise various aspects of the relations with the U.S. Military Government and, particularly, occupation burdens. For the later period until 1991, subjects include general correspondence with American military authorities and officers, German-American Advisory Council, German-American Friendship Week, fishing licenses for U.S. personnel, agreements on fire and disaster prevention, noise pollution by U.S. troops, plans of military infrastructure, U.S. construction projects, and public safety in conjunction with the stationing of nuclear weapons and Pershing II missiles.
Nürnberg

83. Landeskirchliches Archiv

Veilhofstrasse 28
90489 Nürnberg

Postal address: Landeskirchliches Archiv, Postfach 25 04 29,
90129 Nürnberg
Phone: (0911) 58869-0
Fax: (0911) 58869-69
E-mail: LKANuernberg@t-online.de
Web site: http://home.t-online.de/home/
LKANuernberg/lkantit.htm
Business hours: 8:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.;
8:00 a.m.–12:00 p.m., Fri.

The Landeskirchliches Archiv is the principal repository of the Protestant
church of Bayern. The records come from church offices in the entire
region.

Some of the archive’s holdings pertain to the U.S. military presence,
e.g. pastoral work and spiritual welfare in German Labor Units and corre-
respondence of church offices with the U.S. Military Government.

For general information and finding aids, see Handbuch des kirchlichen
Archivwesens I: Die zentralen Archive in der evangelischen Kirche, 4th ed.,
(Neustadt/Aisch, 1997), 11–69.

84. Staatsarchiv Nürnberg

Archivstrasse 17
90408 Nürnberg

Phone: (0911) 935190
Fax: (0911) 935199
Web site: http://www.gda.bayern.de
Business hours: 8:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m. Mon., Tues., and Thurs.;
8:00 a.m.–8:00 p.m., Wed.; 8:00 a.m.–1:30 p.m., Fri.

The Staatsarchiv Nürnberg contains records of middle and lower level
administrative and judicial authorities in the Bavarian Regierungsbezirk
Mittelfranken.
The Staatsarchiv holds microfiche copies of the Office of the Military Government for Bavaria (OMGBY) records with reference to the municipalities of Mittelfranken held at the National Archives in College Park, MD. Other holdings dating back to the period of occupation are to be found in the record group Regierung von Mittelfranken. These are largely dealing with periodical reporting of German local authorities, payment of wages for German employees, occupation costs, public safety matters, and the establishment of a civil affairs organization. The entries of many of the former nineteen Landratsämter in the district comprise a number of holdings from the period of occupation as well as later periods until the 1970s. These records regard such subjects as public safety and order, German employees of the U.S. forces, and damage resulting from military training and maneuvers. The entries of the Oberfinanzdirektion Nürnberg and the Amt für Verteidigungslasten contain primarily records on real estate used by the U.S. forces (barracks, housing areas, training areas, storage sites, etc.) of the 1970–90 timeframe, which may, however, still fall under the thirty-year waiting period. Further holdings pertaining to the U.S. military presence in the region are to be found under the entries of the police and of judicial authorities.

For general information and finding aids, see “Staatsarchiv Nürnberg,” i.e. Kurzführer der staatlichen Archive Bayerns 9 (München, 1979).

85. Stadtarchiv Nürnberg

Marientorgraben 8
90402 Nürnberg

Postal address: Stadt Nürnberg, Stadtarchiv, 90317 Nürnberg
Phone: (0911) 231-2770 or 2771
Fax: (0911) 231-4091
E-mail: av@av.stadt.nuernberg.de
Web site: http://www.stadtarchiv.nuernberg.de
Business hours: 8:30 a.m.–3:30 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.;
8:30 a.m.–12:30 p.m., Fri. Reading room is also open 3:30 p.m.–7:00 p.m., Tues. and
12:30 p.m.–4:00 p.m., Fri.

Nürnberg was a U.S. Army garrison from 1945 to 1995 with main installations being Merrel Barracks, Nürnberg Athletic Field, Nürnberg Army Hospital, and Pastoriusstrasse Family Housing.
The Stadtarchiv Nürnberg holds a large number of records, photographs, and other source material on the American military presence in the city since the end of World War II. The sources include microfiche copies of OMGBY documents with reference to Nuremberg from the originals held at the National Archives. The following record groups contain a significant portion of documents on the U.S. military presence and seem of particular importance. As there are no title indices for most of the entries, no specific subjects can be listed, but it can be assumed that the documentation covers all aspects of the American military presence in the city and the local German-American relations.

- Bestand A 65 and E 10/55: contains photos and the papers of U.S. Army photographer Raymond D’Addario covering the 1940-95 timeframe;
- Bestand C7/IX, Stadtratsprotokolle bis 1959 and Bestand C 85/III Stadtratsprotokolle ab 1959;
- C 21/III, Einwohnerregister und -karteien (census reports);
- Bestände C29, Direktorium A, C85/II-III, Bürgermeisteramt/Registaturen der Bürgermeister, and C 115-6 Direktorium B and C: comprise the records of the mayors into the 1980s;
- Bestand C7/VIII, Kommunalregistatur: includes the records of the Vermögens- und Liegenschaftsverwaltung (real estate office);
- Bestand C 35, Referat II, Finanzwesen (public finances);
- Bestand F 2-3, Stadtchronik, Bildchronik (city and picture chronicles);
- Bestand F 6, Akten der Amerikanischen Militärregierung in Bayern (OMGBY);
- Bestand F 7/I-II Zeitgeschichtliche Sammlung.


Additional source material on the U.S. military presence in the city can be found in the garrison museum of Nuremberg (Garnisonsmuseum Nürnberg, Zweibrückener Strasse 54, 90441 Nürnberg). The focus of the museum is on the history of the German military in the city but it also holds a collection on the U.S. Army garrison. For details see the museum’s web site: http://www.garnisonmuseum.de
Oberammergau

86. Gemeindearchiv Oberammergau
Schnitzlergasse 5
82487 Oberammergau

Phone: (08822) 945407
Fax: (08822) 32233
E-mail: Not available.
Web site: Not available.
Business hours: 9:00 a.m.–12:00 p.m., Mon.–Fri.;
2:00 p.m.–6:00 p.m., Tues., Thurs.

Oberammergau was a U.S. Army garrison between 1945 and 1974. Main facilities consisted of Hawkins Barracks, a housing area, and community facilities. In 1974, the garrison was closed and a NATO Weapon Systems School (now NATO School Shape) was established in its place. The barracks were taken over by the Bundeswehr.

The Gemeindearchiv Oberammergau holds a moderate number of records, photographs, and press cuttings pertaining to the presence of U.S. military forces in the town since 1945. The holdings concern military government activities, occupation burden and claims for damages caused by the U.S. forces, the economic significance of the U.S. garrison, German-American social contact, relations between the local administration/population and the U.S. military, the U.S. Army School, and U.S. Army and Passionsspiele Oberammergau.
Ostfildern

87. Stadtarchiv Ostfildern
Klosterhof Nellingen
73760 Ostfildern

Phone: (0711) 3404-287
Fax: (0711) 3404-201
E-mail: J.Bender@ostfildern.de
Web site: http://www.stadtarchiv.ostfildern.de
Business hours: 2:00 p.m.–6:00 p.m., Mon. and Tues., or by appointment.

The town of Nellingen, which became part of the municipality of Ostfildern in 1975 in the course of a local government reform, hosted a U.S. Army garrison from 1951 to 1992. Main facilities were the Nellingen Barracks which were constructed at a former air field and included a housing area providing accommodation for more than five thousand Americans.

The holdings of the Stadtarchiv include a moderate number of records regarding the U.S. forces originating from formerly independent towns. Records catalogued up until now comprise some twenty-five files including those of Nellingen. These records cover the period from 1951 until 1974 and refer to subjects such as land requirements of U.S. forces, construction of barracks, noise nuisance by U.S. helicopters, damage caused by the U.S. Army, military exercises and maneuvers, criminal acts of members of the stationing forces, cooperation with the U.S. stationing forces, and American support for the construction of a sport area. Records not yet catalogued deal with similar subjects.
Osterholz-Scharmbeck

88. Stadt Osterholz-Scharmbeck
Rathaus, Rathausstrasse 1
27711 Osterholz-Scharmbeck

Phone: (04791) 17321
Fax: (04791) 17304
E-mail: info@osterholz-scharmbeck.de
Web site: http://www.osterholz-scharmbeck.de
Business hours: By appointment only.

The U.S. Army base in the town of Osterholz-Scharmbeck in Niedersachsen (Lower Saxony) near the city of Bremen was the only large army garrison in the northern part of Germany, and it was established only in the 1970s. The brigade-size garrison existed from 1978 until 1992 and consisted of the newly constructed Lucius-D.-Clay-Kaserne in Garlstedt, a former village which is now a town district of Osterholz-Scharmbeck, and a housing area in the town itself. The garrison’s strength was over eight thousand service members and dependents.

The town of Osterholz-Scharmbeck presently does not maintain a regular town archive that is open to researchers. However, the town administration’s records on the U.S. military presence can be made accessible to researchers on request. The records and other source material available regards primarily the planning and construction of the U.S. Army barracks and housing area, German-American social events and activities, and problems with military training and exercises.¹

¹ A considerable number of relevant documents are also held by the Kreisarchiv of the Landkreis Osterholz. These records have not yet been systematically organized, and no details are currently available. They are, however, open to researchers. Landkreis Osterholz, Postfach 1262, 27702 Osterholz-Scharmbeck; tel. (04791) 941906, fax (04791) 930358; e-mail: kurlturamt@landkreis-osterholz.de; web site: http://www.landkreis-osterholz.de.
The city of Passau housed a U.S. garrison of the U.S. Army from 1945 until the early 1960s.

The Stadtarchiv Passau holds a small number of records with respect to the U.S. military presence primarily of the occupation period. They comprise records on the occupation of the city, directives and regulations of the U.S. Military Government, looting by U.S. soldiers, requisitioning of furniture, and occupation costs. For the later period, there are a few records on U.S. Army installations in the city and noise nuisance emanating from them.

Most of the records are accessible through an electronic catalogue consisting of subject indices. Online inquiries into the catalogue are possible.
The U.S. Army garrison Pirmasens is part of the Kaiserlautern Military Community (KMC). Main installations included Husterhöhn Kaserne and the Pirmansens Army Depot.

The Stadtarchiv Pirmansens contains a number of holdings pertaining to the U.S. military presence in the city. According to the subject index, the records include material on the following topics (file numbers in brackets):

- German-American friendship (001.20/1);
- Relationship between the U.S. stationing forces and the German population (001.20/1);
- German-American events, i.e. Volksfest, Volksmarsch etc. (340.01);
- German-American contact club (090.00/1);
- American occupying power, fixing of rents (150.00/4);
- Stationing troops (001.03/1);
- German-American Friendship Weeks (780.03/0);
- Stationing troops, financial burden, compensation of costs (902.00/0);
- Acquisition of living space (620.01/0).
Ramstein-Miesenbach

91. Museum im Westrich
Miesenbacher Strasse 1
66877 Ramstein-Miesenbach

Phone: (06371) 592-177
Fax: (06371)592-199
E-mail: Not available.
Web site: http://www.ramstein-miesenbach.de/05.
Kultur/03.Museum/index.php
Business hours: 2:00 p.m.–4:00 p.m., Tues.–Fri. or by appointment.

The small Rheinland-Palatinate town of Ramstein-Miesenbach is the home of Ramstein AFB, the largest U.S. Air Force Base in Europe. The base incorporates not only a spacious airport and main operating base for air transport but also the Headquarters, U.S. Air Forces in Europe (HQ USAFE) and the Headquarters, Allied Air Forces Central Europe (HQ AAFCE). Facilities on the base include housing areas and generous community facilities. Ramstein AFB is a part of the Kaiserslautern Military Community (see also Ramstein AFB in Part 1 and Kaiserlautern).

There is no regular town archive available in Ramstein-Miesenbach, open to researchers. However, the town’s museum of local history, the Museum im Westrich, holds various source material on the history of the airbase from the German point of view as well as on local German-American relations. The museum may also be used as a point of contact for researchers, who would like to get access to relevant records of the town administration.
Regensburg

92. Stadtarchiv Regensburg

Keplerstrasse 1
93047 Regensburg

Phone: (0941) 507-1452 and 3453
Fax: (0941) 507-4458
E-mail: org.stadtarchiv@spa.schulen.regensburg.de
Web site: http://www.regensburg.de/kultur/archiv
Business hours: 9:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.;
9:00 a.m.–12:00 p.m., Fri.

Regensburg was a U.S. garrison during the period of occupation only. The Stadtarchiv Regensburg holds a number of records regarding the stationing of U.S. occupation troops in the city. German-American community relations of this period are reflected in a multitude of the records of the Stadtverwaltung. Of particular interest are:


Other holdings of interest are the records of the city police, which are not yet arranged, and the official gazette of the city published since 1945.
Sankt Augustin

93. Archiv für Christlich-Demokratische Politik (ACDP)
der Konrad-Adenauer-Stiftung
Rathausallee 12
53757 Sankt Augustin

Postal address: Postfach 14 20, 53732 Sankt Augustin
Phone: (02241) 246210
Fax: (02241) 246669
E-mail: zentrale-wd@kas.de
Web site: http://www.kas.de/geschichte.html
Business hours: 9:00 a.m.–4:30 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.;
9:00 a.m.–3:00 p.m., Fri.

The Archiv für Christlich-Demokratische Politik (ACDP), founded in 1976, is the central repository of the Christlich-Demokratische Union (CDU). It is responsible for preserving the records and papers of leading CDU representatives, boards, committees, and organizations.

Apart from the records of the party itself, the ACDP holds a considerable number of personal papers of leading CDU politicians, which refer to various topics in connection with the American military presence in Germany. However, most of the papers are from the mid-1960s onwards and are not accessible and/or are subject to a thirty-year waiting period. Some others are accessible with special authorization only. Among the papers already accessible, the following are of specific relevance:

- Bestand 01-009, Bruno Dörpinghaus, 1948: manuscript “Fremde in der Amerikanischen Armee?”;
- Bestand 01-226, Kurt Georg Kiesinger: papers on discussions with John J. McCloy 1966–7 regarding U.S. troop stationing in Germany, German-American offset negotiations, with President Lynden B. Johnson and ambassador George C. McGhee, also in 1967, on U.S. troop stationing;
- Bestand 01-356, Werner Marx: papers of 1958–83, subjects e.g.: German employees of the U.S. forces, military training areas in the Kaiserslautern region, the U.S. stationing forces and traffic in the Kaiserslautern area;
- Bestand 01-433, Kurt Birrenbach: papers 1966–70 containing correspondence with different persons including such topics as American troops
in Europe, German-American offset agreement 1969, local German-American relations and Anti-Americanism;
- Bestand 01-483, Gerhard Schröder: papers 1962–66 with subjects including American troop stationing in Europe.

Schwäbisch Gmünd

94. Stadtarchiv Schwäbisch Gmünd
Augustinerstrasse 3
73525 Schwäbisch Gmünd

Phone: (07171) 603-41 50
Fax: (07171) 603-41 59
E-mail: archiv@schwaebisch-gmuend.de
Web site: http://www.schwaebisch-gmuend.de/de/index_fs.htm
Business hours: 8:00 a.m.–12:00 p.m., Mon.–Fri.;
12:00 p.m.–3:00 p.m., Tues.; 2:30 p.m.–4:30 p.m.,
Mon. and Wed.; 2:30 p.m.–6:00 p.m., Thurs.

Schwäbisch Gmünd was a U.S. Army garrison since 1945 with main facilities being Bismark Kaserne, Hardt Kaserne, and Schwäbisch-Gmünd Family Housing.

The Stadtarchiv holds a considerable number of records and other source material, e.g. a collection of newspaper cuttings on the U.S. military presence, covering the entire period. Documentation from the period of occupation deals mainly with subjects such as general occupation matters, military government directives and regulations, meetings with the U.S. Military Government, occupation requirements and damage, weekly reports to the U.S. Military Government 1946–49, Marshall Plan and the U.S. garrison, and public safety matters. For the later period, although partially dating back to the occupation years, holdings include records on criminal acts of allied personnel, incidents involving the U.S. Army, land requirements and provision of land for the U.S. Army, general matters regarding the U.S. Army and the U.S. garrison 1972–84, complaints of German citizens against U.S. personnel, U.S. Army facilities and installations (radio station, firing range, ammunition depots), stationing of Pershing II missiles at Mutlangen in 1985 and the following years, resolutions of the peace movement on a ban for nuclear weapons, German-American Friendship Weeks 1979–88, German-American Advisory Council, American festivals, funfairs and concerts, maneuvers and field exercises, and social, military, and sporting events of the U.S. Army.
Schwäbisch Hall

95. Kreisarchiv Schwäbisch Hall

Münzstrasse 1
74523 Schwäbisch Hall

Postal address: Postfach 11 04 53, 74507 Schwäbisch Hall
Phone: (0791) 755-398
Fax: (0791) 755-362
Business hours: 8:00 a.m.–12:00 p.m., Mon.–Fri.;
2:00 p.m.–5:00 p.m., Thurs.

The Kreisarchiv Schwäbisch Hall holds the records of the former Landratsämter Crailsheim and Schwäbisch Hall, which both hosted U.S. Army garrisons. A considerable number of the holdings reflect the U.S. military presence in the region. Main topics of respective records are requisitioning of real estate, maneuver damage, defense burdens, and German-American Advisory Council. Also available are collections of official gazettes, local press, and newspaper cuttings regarding the U.S. forces.

96. Stadt- und Hospitalarchiv Schwäbisch Hall

Am Markt 5
74523 Schwäbisch Hall

Postal address: Postfach 100 180, 74501 Schwäbisch Hall
Phone: (0791) 751-359
Fax: (0751) 751-485
E-mail: Daniel.Stihler@schaebischhall.de
Web site: http://www.schwaebischhall.de
Business hours: 9:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Mon.–Wed.;
9:00 a.m.–5:00 p.m., Thurs.; 9:00 a.m.–1:30 p.m., Fri.

Schwäbisch Hall housed a U.S. Army garrison from 1945 to 1993, which was part of the Heilbronn Military Community (see Heilbronn). The garrison comprised some two thousand servicemen and dependants. Main facilities were the Dolan Barracks and a housing area next to it.
Holdings of the Stadt- und Hospitalarchiv regarding the U.S. military presence comprise a moderate number of records of the city administration as well as records of formerly independent towns which are now incorporated into the Schwäbisch Hall municipality. Subjects are occupation of the town, occupation and defense burdens, relations with the U.S. military, German civilian employees of the U.S. Army, German-American activities, e.g. German-American Friendship Week, U.S. construction projects, and clubs and associations of U.S. personnel. The archive has also collections of photographs, newspaper cuttings, and posters on German-American activities.
Schwabach

97. Stadtarchiv Schwabach
Königsplatz 29a
91126 Schwabach

Postal address: Postfach 2120, 91124 Schwabach
Phone: (09122) 860-280
Fax: (09122) 860-247
E-mail: stadtarchiv@schwabach.de
Business hours: 1:00 p.m.–4:00 p.m., Thurs. and by prior appointment.

Schwabach was a battalion size U.S. Army garrison from 1945 until 1991. Main facilities consisted of O’Brien Barracks and a housing area.

Holdings of the Stadtarchiv Schwabach regarding the U.S. garrison and the German-American community relations are not yet fully arranged. Nevertheless, a moderate number of records with reference to the subject could be identified in particular under the entry of the Oberbürgermeister. These comprise a number of records on correspondence with U.S. military authorities. In addition, the Stadtarchiv holds the papers of Constanze Link who was the chairwoman of the German-American club in Schwabach, which was founded in 1951 and existed for many years. Moreover, the records of the local police until 1972 held by the Stadtarchiv may be of interest.
Simmern

98. Kreisarchiv und Kreisgeschichtsbücherei
Ludwigstrasse 3-5
55469 Simmern

Kreismedienzentrum Rhein-Hunsrück
Ludwigstrasse 3-5
55469 Simmern

Phone: Kreisarchiv (06761) 82-123
Kreismedienzentrum (06761) 82-128
Fax: (06761) 82-111
E-mail: kwagner@rheinhunsrueck.de and
medienzentrum.rhk@net-art.net
Web site: http://www.landkreis-rheinhunsrueck.de
Business hours: Kreisarchiv: 2:30 p.m.–5:30 p.m. Thurs.

Two major U.S. Army and U.S Air Force installations were located in the Rhineland-Palatinate administrative district Rhein-Hunsrück-Kreis until 1991, namely Hahn Air Force Base with a nearby housing area (since 1951) and, since the early 1980s, Wüschem Missle Station (cruise missiles).

Records on the period of occupation have been transferred to the Landeshauptarchiv Koblenz and no records regarding the topic under discussion immediately are deposited in the Kreisarchiv. Relevant documents may nevertheless be interfiled with various records of the district and town authorities. Moreover, the Kreisarchiv has a collection of local newspapers and a special collection of newspaper cuttings on Hahn AFB for the period 1951–64 as well as the 1960–8 (incomplete) runs of the local American periodical “Hahn Hawk.” Moreover, there is a collection of photographs and other source material on the U.S. installations and activities in connection with those available in the Kreismedienzentrum.
The Landesarchiv Speyer is a central repository of Rheinland-Pfalz preserving the records of medium and lower level federal and state authorities in the previous Regierungsbezirk Rheinhessen-Pfalz. Moreover, it contains more than three hundred municipal archives and source material of political parties, corporations, and associations that do not maintain their own archives as well as a collection of personal papers.

The holdings of the Landesarchiv pertaining to the U.S. military presence and the German-American relations in the region are to be found in the following record groups:

- Bestand H 13, Regierung der Pfalz/Rheinhessen Pfalz: records on general correspondence and minutes of meetings with U.S. military authorities, defense burdens (1945–70), construction of housing complexes, airfields, training areas, etc. (1949–56), and occupation damage (1946–54);

No details are available on relevant documents in the archives of local authorities and other holdings. However, there is evidence that these include numerous documents on the topic under discussion.

For general information and finding aids, see Karl-Heinz Debus, ed., *Das Landesarchiv Speyer: Festschrift zur Übergabe des Neubaus* (Koblenz, 1987).
100. Zentralarchiv der Evangelischen Kirche der Pfalz

Domplatz 6
67346 Speyer

Postal address:  Postfach 1720, 67343 Speyer
Phone: (06232) 667-180 or -181
Fax: (06232) 667-234
E-mail: archiv@evpfalz.de
Web site: http://www.zentralarchiv-speyer.de
Business hours: 8:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Tues.–Thurs.

The Zentralarchiv is the central repository of the Protestant Church of the Pfalz and holds records and other material on the Church’s activities no longer needed for the current duties. The holdings include some twenty archives on deaneries and about three hundred on parishes. The area of responsibility of the Zentralarchiv comprises the area where the largest U.S. garrison outside the United States, the Kaiserlautern Military Community, is located.

The archive holds several records regarding the U.S. military presence in the region under the following record groups:

- Signaturen 3317 and 331.70, spiritual welfare work in German Labor Units, 1945–57;
- Signatur 555.4, moral plight in the Palatinate, waywardness of youth, 1945–57;
- Abteilung 43, Dekanatsarchiv Kaiserslautern, German-American women’s club Kaiserslautern, 1967;
- Abteilung 8, Annual reports of the parishes.
Stuttgart

101. Bibliothek für Zeitgeschichte-Dokumentationsstelle für unkonventionelle Literatur

Gaisburgstrasse 4a
70182 Stuttgart

Postal address: Postfach 10 54 41, D-70047 Stuttgart
Phone: (0711) 2124516
Fax: (0711) 2124517
E-mail: bfzdoku@wlb-stuttgart.de
Opening hours: 10:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Mon.–Fri. (By appointment only.)

The Bibliothek für Zeitgeschichte (Library of Contemporary History) is a specialist library and research institute for contemporary history and politics. Its Dokumentationsstelle für unkonventionelle Literatur (department for the documentation of unconventional literature) was established in 1972 with the aim of collecting “grey literature” on political conflicts in the Federal Republic of Germany since the student movement of the 1960s.

The department’s collection of “grey literature” comprises 15,000 brochures, 1,050 periodicals and newspapers, 120,000 leaflets, 25,000 posters, and other material. The material was produced by various groups of the protest movement, such as action and peace committees, third-world groups, groups of exiles and foreign nationals, political groups, small parties, and private individuals. Subject areas pertaining to the topic under discussion include the peace movement, the anti-nuclear movement, right- and left-wing radicalism, questions of foreign nationals and refugees, armament and disarmament, conscientious objection, and human rights.

Note: Those not able to visit the department personally can order copies via the document ordering service. For detail, see the department’s web site.
102. Hauptstaatsarchiv Stuttgart

Konrad Adenauer Strasse 4
70173 Stuttgart

Phone: (0711) 212-4335
Fax: (0711) 212-4360
E-mail: Hauptstaatsarchiv@s.lad-bw.de
Web site: http://www.lad-bw.de/hstas.htm
Business hours: 12:00 p.m.–5:00 p.m., Mon.;
8:30 a.m.–17:00, Tues. and Wed.;
8:30 a.m.–7:00 p.m., Thurs.; 8:30 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Fri.

The Hauptstaatsarchiv Stuttgart is the principal repository of the Landesregierung of Baden-Württemberg and state authorities with a central responsibility for the state of Baden-Württemberg and its predecessors.

Among the holdings of the Hauptstaatsarchiv arranged to date, there are only a small number of records with reference to the topic under discussion. These include:

- Bestand 1/016, Staatsministerium, Abteilung Vereinigtes Wirtschaftsgebiet, 1946–51: contains for example records of occupation costs;
- EA 4/001 Nr. 654, Justizministerium Württemberg-Baden, 1944–6: includes documentation on the behavior of German authorities and officials during the occupation;
- EA 4/403, Justizministerium, 1948–79: includes criminal cases involving members of the occupation and stationing forces respectively;

The listing is by no means a complete summery of relevant records. The entries of other ministries may contain documentation as well regarding the U.S. forces. These holdings, however, are not yet arranged. Moreover, the Hauptstaatsarchiv holds various collections on contemporary history matters as well as a large number of personal papers with manifold references to the U.S. forces and German-American relations. The Hauptstaatsarchiv also holds microfiche copies of the OMGUS records referring to the Württemberg-Baden held at the National Archives in College Park, MD.

Online research of the archive’s holdings is possible.
103. Landeskirchliches Archiv

der Evangelischen Landeskirche in Württemberg
Gänseheidestrasse 4
70184 Stuttgart

Postal address: Postfach 10 13 42, 70012 Stuttgart
Phone: (0711) 2149-0
Fax: (0711) 2149-9236
E-mail: archiv@elk-wue.de
Web site: http://www.elk-wue.de
Business hours: 9:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.;
9:00 a.m.–3:30 p.m., Fri.

The Landeskirchliches Archiv is the principal repository of the Protestant Church of Württemberg.

A small number of the archive’s holdings pertain to the U.S. military presence in the region after World War II. Of particular interest are the records of the Oberkirchenrat (church assembly). Subjects refer to contacts of the church government with American occupation and military authorities (1945–63), return of church property, relationship between the occupying powers and the Church in individual towns, and authorization of publications. Also of interest are the papers of Bishop Theophil Wurm, which include his correspondence with the U.S. Military Government between 1945 and 1949, and of Prelate Karl Hartenstein, who was the representative of the Church for negotiations with Military Government officials. The papers cover the period 1945–52 and include correspondence with the U.S. Military Government on de-nazification of individual persons, the situation in internment camps, and publishing licenses.

104. Stadtarchiv Stuttgart

Silberburgstrasse 191
70178 Stuttgart

Phone: (0711) 216-6327
Fax: (0711) 216-4456
E-mail: stadtarchiv@stuttgart.de
Stuttgart was a primary garrison of the U.S. Forces in Germany including the Headquarters U.S. European Command (USEUCOM). Main facilities in the city and its suburbs were Patch, McGee, Wallace, Robinson, and Kelley Barracks as well as several housing areas. The Stuttgart garrison was part of the Greater Stuttgart Military Community (GSMC), which included several Sub-Communities and comprised some twenty thousand servicemen and dependants prior to the troop reduction in the early 1990s.

The Stadtarchiv holds a substantial number of records and other source material pertaining to the U.S. military presence, which played an important role in the city’s political, social, and economic life. The material covers the full range of local German-American civil-military relations in the Stuttgart region. For the period of occupation, the minutes of the city council provide a summary of the points of interaction with the U.S. Military Government and the occupation forces that is easily accessible through an index of agenda items for the years 1945–53. Of particular interest are the record groups of the Oberbürgermeister and the Zentralverwaltung, which contain directives and regulations as well as periodical reports of the city administration to the U.S. Military Government. The weekly reports of the Polizeipräsidium reflect the relationship between German civilians and the occupation personnel and authorities. Moreover, the Stadtarchiv holds a large collection of speeches of Dr. Arnulf Klett, the prominent Oberbürgermeister of Stuttgart during the period of occupation. For the later period, the documentation on the German-American relations is likewise extensive. No details are yet available for this entry.
Ulm

105. Stadtarchiv Ulm

Schwörhaus, Weihof 12
89073 Ulm

Postal address: Stadtarchiv Ulm, 89070 Ulm
Phone: (0731) 161-4210
Fax: (0731) 161-1633
E-mail: stadtarchiv@ulm.de
Web site: http://www.stadtarchiv.ulm.de
Business hours: 9:00 a.m.–6:00 p.m., Mon.–Thurs.; 9:00 a.m.–3:00 p.m., Fri.

Ulm was a large U.S. garrison until the early 1960s, when it was transformed into a garrison of the Bundeswehr. But as the neighboring city Neu-Ulm (see there) remained a U.S. Army garrison until the early 1990s, Ulm never lost contact with the U.S. military.

Wertheim

106. Stadtarchiv Wertheim

Bronnbach Nr. 19
97877 Wertheim

Phone: (09342) 1037
Fax: (09342) 22338
E-mail: Archiv-Wertheim@w.lad-bw.de
Web site: http://www.lad-bw.de/staw
Business hours: 8:30 a.m.–4:30 p.m., Mon.–Fri or by appointment.

Wertheim housed a U.S. Army garrison from 1952 to 1992 of some thirty-five hundred servicemen and dependants. Main facilities consisted of Peden Barracks and a housing area. The Stadtarchiv Wertheim is part of the Archivverbund (cooperating archives) Main-Tauber, which also include the Staatsarchiv Wertheim and the Archiv des Main-Tauber-Kreises.

The holdings of the Stadtarchiv include some isolated records on requisitioning and directives of the U.S. Military Government, as do the holdings of the Kreisarchiv for individual villages and towns of the district. The US-Verbindungsbüro collection may be of particular interest as it contains sources on the history of the U.S. garrison for the period 1958–94. The collection consists mainly of photos and newspaper clippings and was put together through the years by the public information office of the local barracks and presented to the city on the occasion of the closure of the garrison.
Wiesbaden

107. Hessisches Hauptstaatsarchiv
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Business hours: 9:00 a.m.–5:45 p.m. Mon., Wed., and Fri.;
9:00 a.m.–4:15 p.m., Tues. and Thurs.;
8:00 a.m.–12:30 p.m., 2nd and 4th Sat. of the
month.

The Hessisches Hauptstaatsarchiv has a double responsibility. It serves as
the central archive of the Landesregierung and of the central administra-
tive and judicial authorities of Hesse, as well as a regional archive for
subordinate state authorities in the cities of Frankfurt am Main and Wies-
baden, as well as in the administrative districts Lahn-Dill-Kreis, Land-
kreis Limburg-Weilburg, Main-Kinzig-Kreis, Main-Taunus-Kreis and
Rheingau-Taunus-Kreis.
The Hessisches Hauptstaatsarchiv holds a vast number of records of
different provenance pertaining to the U.S. military presence and the
German-American relations, which are listed in detail below.

1. U.S. Military Government

- Abteilung 649, Office of Military Government of Hesse (OMGH): con-
tains microfiche copies of the OMGH records held at the National
Archives in College Park, MD. Finding books (27 vols.) are available at
the archive.
- Abteilung 483, NSDAP Hessen-Nassau, Drucksachen “Militär-
regierung und Politische Befreiung,” contains directives, regulations,
announcement and information pamphlets on the treatment of German
military personnel, members of the Nazi party, and the German civil
population as well as official bulletins of the Allied Control Council, of
OMGUS, and of OMGH. Finding aids: numbers 3.999-4.100 in a per-
tinent finding book apply.
2. Oberste Landesbehörden und Regierungsstellen

- Abteilung 501, Der Hessische Minister für politische Befreiung: includes records on the controversy on de-nazification with the occupying powers. A finding book is available.
- Abteilung 502, Der Hessische Ministerpräsident-Staatskanzlei: contains numerous records on the cooperation between the Hesse government and the U.S. Military Government and the U.S. High Commissioner, respectively. Subjects are matters of the Länderrat, conferences of the prime ministers, questions of the constitution, occupation burden, occupation law, de-nazification, and Beamtenrecht (civil service law). Finding aids: electronically accessible register.
- Abteilung 503, Der Hessische Minister des Innern: includes records on the implementation of the occupation law, establishment of a German police, establishment of a state personnel office and others. Finding aids include a card index and an electronically accessible register.
- Abteilung 504, Der Hessische Kulturminister: includes records on de-nazification, cooperation with the Military Government, cultural and educational policy in the American Zone of Occupation and in the Länderrat, fiduciary administration of cultural assets (e.g. Collecting Point Wiesbaden), (re-)establishment of the cultural and educational administration (schools/universities). Finding aids: electronically accessible finding book.
- Abteilung 506, Der Hessische Minister der Finanzen: includes records on occupation law, occupation costs, administration of property, house building, and employment of Germans by American authorities. Finding aids: card index and depositing lists.
- Abteilung 507, Der Hessische Minister für Wirtschaft und Technik: includes records on the establishment of the administration and control of the German economy (periodical reports on the economic situation to the Military Government), reconstruction of the transport and communications system, reparations, dismantling of factories, demilitarization of the economic system, treatment of scientists displaced by U.S. authorities from the later Soviet zone of occupation. Finding aids: electronically accessible finding book.
- Abteilung 508, Der Hessische Sozialminister: includes records on requisitioning/de-requisitioning of residential buildings, premature release from prison of persons sentenced by the Military Government, relief actions for inmates of refugee camps, and German-American Christmas parties. Finding aids: electronically accessible register.
- Abteilung 528: Der Hessische Bundesbevollmächtigte in Bonn: includes records on the policy of the Länderrat from the perspective of the Hesse government, minutes of political bodies of the Länderrat
1945–9, controversies with OMGH/OMGUS on questions such as de-nazification, the economic order, and establishment of the bi-zonal and federal administration. Finding aids: electronically accessible finding book.

3. Landesbehörden und Gerichte

- Abteilung 461, 463, 468, and 471, Staatsanwaltschaften bei den Landgerichten: contains criminal cases involving members of the U.S. stationing forces since the late 1950s. Finding aids: card index; in parts electronically accessible registers.
- Abteilung 652–63, Landkreise des ehemaligen Regierungsbezirks Wiesbaden: includes records (mostly under the subject “Krieg, Militärf, Besatzung”) on consequences of the war, de-nazification, demilitarization, occupation burdens, requisitioning/de-requisitioning of properties, cooperation with the occupation troops, and incidents with members of the occupation troops. Finding aids: finding books, for the most part electronically accessible.
- Abteilung 695 and 697, Ämter für Verteidigungslasten Frankfurt am Main and Wiesbaden: includes records on the construction and maintenance of buildings and installations of the U.S. stationing forces, e.g. Frankfurt Rhein-Main and Wiesbaden-Erbenheim airbases, Rhein-Main military hospital in Wiesbaden, etc. Finding aids: depositing lists.
- Abteilung 715, Ämter für Verteidigungslasten Frankfurt am Main, Wiesbaden, and Hanau: includes records on use and payments of rents for real estate used by the U.S. Forces. Finding aids: electronically accessible finding book.
- Abteilung 456, Forstämter: includes records on hunting and fishing practices and activities of members of the U.S. Forces. Finding aids: card index, depositing lists, partly electronically accessible registers.

4. Parteien und Verbände

- Abteilung 2032, Internationaler Sozialdienst, Deutscher Zweig/ Frankfurt am Main: includes records on adoptions of German children by U.S. citizens. No finding aids are available.
5. Collections

- Abteilung 3008, Bildersammlung: contains several hundred photographs on the American occupation, covering the years 1945–7 in particular, e.g. representatives of the U.S. Military Government and the occupation troops, cooperation between the Military Government and the Government of Land Hesse, GIs off duty, and the making of the army newspaper “The Stars & Stripes.” Most of the photos are derived from newspapers. Finding aids: subject index.

Note: This entry might give the impression that the relevant holdings of the Hessisches Staatsarchiv are more comprehensive than those of the other central and regional archives (Hauptstaatsarchive, Staatsarchive). This is probably not true. Rather the Hessisches Staatsarchiv was the only archive providing a detailed listing of holdings. The listing gives an excellent example of the provenance and type of records, the subjects addressed, and the finding aids available. Records of similar kind are likely to be found in other Staatsarchive as well.

For general information and finding aids, see:


108. Stadtarchiv Wiesbaden

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Wiesbaden has been a large American garrison both of the U.S. Air Force (until 1976) and the U.S. Army. Main facilities comprised Lindsey Air Station, Camp Pieri, Wiesbaden-Erbenheim Army Air Field, a Medical
Center, the Aukamm, Hainerberg, Kastel, Uhlerborn, and Crest-High Housing Areas. The garrison’s strength prior to the troop reduction was in the scale of twenty thousand servicemen and dependants.

The Stadtarchiv Wiesbaden holds a considerable number of records and other source material relating to the U.S. military presence in the city since 1945. Holdings include:

- Bestand WI/3, Amt 10: includes records of the Hauptamt (central office) and Besatzungsamt (occupation office) referring to subjects such as occupation matters and correspondence with the U.S. Military Government/forces, 1945–78 (thirty files), German-American understanding/relations with the U.S. forces, 1946–78 (ten files), visit of and mourning ceremony for President John F. Kennedy, 1963–4 (two files), and police matters/incidents with U.S. servicemen, 1945–51;
- Bestand WI/3, Amt 51: includes some records of the Sozialamt (social security office) on German-American Christmas parties and American donations for needy Germans;
- Bestand MF 26: contains some 1,600 microfiche copies of records on the history of the U.S. Air Force in Europe (USAFE) held at the Albert F. Simpson Historical Research Center at Maxwell AFB, AL. The material covers the European Air Depot, 1946, the history of USAFE, 1941–50, the history of the Wiesbaden military community/post 1946–50, and the history of the 7100 Headquarters Support Wing, 1950–8;
- Bestand NL 50: contains a collection of U.S. Army Captain Ronald M. Hirst with material on the U.S. Air Force, the Wiesbaden Airbase, Camp Lindsey and its predecessor barracks, Erbenheim Airfield, Air Force Hospital Wiesbaden, and photographs covering the period until 1994. The collections include the following typscript historical studies: Ronald A. Hirst, Ninety Years at Lindsay—or how to goldplate an antique, 3 vols. (Wiesbaden, 1987);
- Bestand NL 32: contains the papers of Heinrich Roos which include two files on the Crest-High Housing Area and other residential areas of the occupation forces, 1949–54;
- Bestand NL 72: contains the papers of Wilhelm Kröller including a collection of newspaper cuttings 1945–48;
- Bestand NL 73: contains the papers of Müller-Wert which include a collection of newspaper cuttings 1950–61;
- Bestand NL 74: contains the papers of Karl Anton Lutsch which include one file on U.S. construction projects 1954–6;
- Bestand V 41: contains thirty six files and other source material of the Deutsch-Amerikanischer Frauenklub (German-American women’s club of Wiesbaden) covering the years 1949–98.
The newspaper collections of the archive include “Die Mitteilungen,” the official gazette of the 12th U.S. Army Group for the German population, Vol. 1945 (Bestand Z 17) and the “Wiesbaden Post,” the local U.S. community newspaper, Vol. 1946–69 (Bestand Z 23). Moreover, the archive holds a typescript on the historical account of the U.S. Wiesbaden Medical Center: Jayne E. Traendly, The History of the Wiesbaden Medical Center (Wiesbaden, 1993).
Worms

109. Stadtarchiv Worms

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Web site: http://www.worms.de
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The American Military Community in Worms existed from 1945 until 1996. The garrison consisted of four major installations: Engineer Kaserne, Police Kaserne, Taukunnen Barracks, and Thomas Jefferson Village housing. The latter two provided also the bulk of the community facilities. Additional installations including four housing locations formed the Weierhof sub-community in Kirchheimbolanden. The overall strength of the Worms Military Community, including the Weierhof sub-community, was over six thousand U.S. military and civilian personnel.

The Stadtarchiv Worms holds a considerable number of records and other material on the American military presence in and around the city. Most records are to be found in record group Abteilung 6, Stadtverwaltung seit 1945, Besatzungsamt (occupation office):

- Numbers 6–10, 31, 40–2, 67–71, 80, 85, 89, 96, 97: contain orders, labor requirements, requisitioning, German employees, etc. of the French Military Government, 1945–8;
- Numbers 10–8: contain circulars and orders of French and American occupation authorities, 1949–53;
- Numbers 13, 71: contain documents on occupation costs, defense costs, payments of compensation, 1951–5;
- Number 118: deals with the U.S. Military Government, 1945–63;
• Numbers 119–122: contains documents on German-American cooperation, 1955–66;
• Numbers 2014, 2015, 2034, and 2038: contains correspondance of mayors and town councilors since 1946.

Abteilung 204, Zeitgeschichtliche Sammlung, Number 9: contains a collection of material on Americans in Worms.

Most of the holdings are accessible through a Microsoft Word finding list.
Würzburg

110. Staatsarchiv Würzburg

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8:00 a.m.–8:00 p.m., Thurs.; 8:00 a.m.–1:30 p.m., Fri.

The Staatsarchiv Würzburg contains records of middle and lower level administrative and judicial authorities of the Bavarian Regierungsbezirk Unterfranken.

A considerable number of entries in the archive’s holdings refer to the U.S. military presence in the region. The Staatsarchiv also holds some microfiche copies of the OMGUS records with reference to Unterfranken held at the National Archives in College Park, MD.

Relevant records can be found in particular under the record groups:

- Regierung von Oberfranken: subjects refer to occupation matters, occupation costs, contact with military government authorities, requisitioning (1946–60), maneuvers (1956–67), German-American Advisory Council (1952–61), black market (1945–8), and supplies of German contractors for the U.S. forces (1949–69);
- Landratsamt Hammelburg: contains files on the subject occupying power, weekly reports to the Military Government, requisitioning (1945–60), German-American Advisory Council (1956–64), and maneuvers (1955–72);
- Landratsamt Würzburg: refers to subjects such as the German-American Advisory Council (1952–3), occupation and stationing troops (1945–69), and war and looting damage (1955–7);
- Landratsamt Bad Brückenau: subjects refer to occupation costs, U.S. Constabulary, military training area Wildflecken, German local employees, and maneuvers;
- Landratsamt Kitzingen: subjects refer to confiscation, occupation costs, requisitioning of real estate for U.S. facilities, commemorative publications on 3d U.S. Infantry Division, marriages and divorces of U.S. servicemen, and German-American cooperation.
Wurzburg has been a U.S. Army garrison since 1945. Prior to the troop reduction in the early 1990s the Wurzburg garrison comprised some eleven thousand servicemen and dependents. Apart from the barracks (Emery and Leighton Barracks, Faulenberg and Hindenburgkaserne) they were housed in the Leighton, Lincoln and Skyline Housing Areas.

The Stadtarchiv Wurzburg holds a small number of records regarding the U.S. forces in the city addressing such subjects as consequences of the war, occupation matters, monthly situation reports 1946–8 to the U.S. Military Government, U.S. stationing troops, German-American associations and clubs. Also available are the minutes of the city council meetings which provide some documentation on the German-American community relations in the city. Moreover, the Stadtarchiv has a collection of newspaper cuttings and the local newspapers “Main-Post” and “Frankisches Volksblatt” which reflects the American military presence.
Zweibrücken

112. Stadtarchiv Zweibrücken

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Zweibrücken was a U.S. Army and Air Force garrison from 1952 until 1993. Main facilities comprised Zweibrücken Airbase, Kreuzberg-Kaserne and the Kreuzberg, French and Canadian Housing Areas. Prior to the troop reduction the garrison’s strength was some nine thousand military and civilian service members and dependants.

The holdings of the Stadtarchiv Zweibrücken referring to the American military presence in the city include records and other material on the following subjects:

German-American social contact/relations in Zweibrücken, neighborhood and partnership initiatives, relationship between the city and the U.S. garrison, the economic significance of the U.S. garrison, and German employees of the U.S. Forces. Moreover, there is a collection of reports and photographs on the transport of American chemical weapons in the late 1980s and early 1990s.